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WebRTC Private Edition Guide

Deploy

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Learn how to deploy WebRTC Media Service (WebRTC) into a private edition environment.

Related documentation:

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Assumptions

- The instructions on this page assume you are deploying the service in a service-specific namespace, named in accordance with the requirements on Creating namespaces. If you are using a single namespace for all private edition services, replace the namespace element in the commands on this page with the name of your single namespace or project.
- Similarly, the configuration and environment setup instructions assume you need to create namespacespecific (in other words, service-specific) secrets. If you are using a single namespace for all private edition services, you might not need to create separate secrets for each service, depending on your credentials management requirements. However, if you do create service-specific secrets in a single namespace, be sure to avoid naming conflicts.

Important

Make sure to review Before you begin for the full list of prerequisites required to deploy WebRTC.

WebRTC uses blue-green model of deployment. It has the following main deployment principles:

- Both components WebRTC Gateway and CoTurn Server are deployed for each color and switched together
- Blue WebRTC Gateway is always configured to work with Blue CoTurn and green WebRTC Gateway is always configured to work with green CoTurn
- WebRTC have two FQDNs to reach active and inactive deployments:
 - webrtc.domain.com active deployment. For example: webrtc.genesyshtcc.com
 - **webrtc-test.domain.com** inactive deployment for tests. For example: webrtc-test.genesyshtcc.com

Deploy

You can deploy WebRTC using:

- Internal CoTurn Load Balancer or
- External CoTurn Load Balancer

Deploying WebRTC using internal CoTurn Load Balancer

Initial deployment and Upgrade use the same sequence:

- 1. Deploy/upgrade inactive color of deployment
- 2. Make the cutover

You need to deploy the Color Infra package with CoTurn Load Balancer to get the IP address assigned automatically for the CoTurn Load Balancer by the infrastructure. Then, the infrastructure team should assign the IP to the CoTurn Load Balancer, create the FQDN for the IP and ensure that the IP is set in the firewall and is available from outside the cluster.

Important

The IP address assigned to the CoTurn Load Balancer must be external and available outside the cluster. Else, the media will not get through the WebRTC.

The following image shows the steps involved in deploying WebRTC using the internal CoTurn Load Balancer:



Follow the below steps to deploy WebRTC using internal CoTurn Load Balancer:

1. Create common infrastructure elements such as dashboards and alarms: This step deploys dashboards, alarms, and other common infrastructure elements.



Run the following command to create the common infrastructure elements:

helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=infra -set-string deployment.color="" webrtc-infra {HelmRepoPath}/webrtc-service -version={WebRTC Charts Version}

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=infra --setstring deployment.color="" webrtc-infra wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtc-service -version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

2. **Create infrastructure elements for the deployment color**: This step deploys the infrastructure objects such as Turn Load Balancer, Gateway Service Object, Gateway Network Policies, and Turn Network Policies for the given color of deployment.

You should also specify the INACTIVE color of deployment in this step.

Important

You should configure the deployment.coturnDeployment option with the value internal in your values.yaml file.

Run the following command to deploy the infrastructure objects:

helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=infra -set-string deployment.color={INACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-infra-{INACTIVE_COLOR} {HelmRepoPath }/webrtc-service --version={WebRTC Charts Version}

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=infra --setstring deployment.color=blue webrtc-infra-blue wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtc-service --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

 Get the IPs from the CoTurn Load Balancers, create DNS records and firewall rules: This step gets the IP address from the Colurn Load Balancer created in Step 2. The name of LoadBalancer will be similar to: webrtc-coturn-service-{COLOR}.

Create appropriate FQDN for this IP address in your DNS. This FQDN will be used by the WebRTC agents from outside the cluster to establish the RTP stream. Though you can use the IP address as it is, it is not the best practice to do so.

4. Create CoTurn elements for the deployment color: This step is to Upgrade/Deploy CoTurn for INACTIVE color.

Run the following command to upgrade/deploy the INACTIVE color of deployment:

helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=coturn -set-string deployment.color={INACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-coturn-{INACTIVE_COLOR} {HelmRepoPath }/webrtc-service --version={WebRTC Charts Version}

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=coturn --setstring deployment.color=blue webrtc-coturn-blue wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtcservice --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

5. Create Gateway elements for deployment color using the information from Step 3: This step is to Upgrade/Deploy Gateway for INACTIVE color. You shoud also specify the extenal FQDN of the CoTurn LoadBalancer in this step using the gateway.turnExternalUriBlue or

gateway.turnExternalUriGreen options.

Run the following command:

helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=gateway
--set-string deployment.color={INACTIVE_COLOR} --set-string
gateway.turnExternalUri{INACTIVE_COLOR}={COTURN FQDN INACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-gateway{INACTIVE_COLOR} {HelmRepoPath }/webrtc-service --version={WebRTC Charts Version}

Example for Blue deployment:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml--set-string deployment.type=gateway --setstring deployment.color=blue --set-string gateway.turnExternalUriBlue=turnblue.ext.mydoamin.com webrtc-gateway-blue wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtc-service -version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

Or, you can specify the IP of the Blue CoTurn Load Balancer

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml--set-string deployment.type=gateway --setstring deployment.color=blue --set-string gateway.turnExternalUriBlue=12.106.34.55 webrtc-gateway-blue wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtc-service --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

6. **Create/update Ingress controller rules for Active/Inactive routing for Gateway deployments**: This step is to Install/upgrade ingress without changing the active color. The same step is used for the Cutover.

Important

If you are deploying/upgrading green, specify the current ACTIVE color of deployment in the deployment.color option. Then specify blue and vice versa. If you deploying/upgrading green and specify green for the **cutover** step, the current active deployment will be switched to the just deployed/ upgraded green.

You must perform this step even if you are not planning to make the cutover right now. This step is to upgrade the ingress and environment.

Run the following command to create/upgrade Ingress controller rules:

helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=cutover --set-string deployment.color={ACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-ingress {HelmRepoPath }/webrtcservice --version={WebRTC Charts Version}

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=cutover -set-string deployment.color=green webrtc-ingress wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtcservice --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

Deployment with external CoTurn Load Balancer

Initial deployment and Upgrade use the same sequence:

- 1. Deploy/upgrade inactive color of deployment
- 2. Make the cutover

The following image shows the steps involved in deploying WebRTC using the external CoTurn Load Balancer:



Follow the below steps to deploy WebRTC with external CoTurn Load Balancer

- 1. **Create static IPs for CoTurn**: This step is to specify the pre-created public IP for CoTurn Green in the coturn.lbIpGreen option and public IP for CoTurn Blue in the coturn.lbIpBlue option.
- Create DNS records for the created IPs: This step is to specify the public FQDNs for CoTurn. Specify the pre-created public FQDN for CoTurn Green in the gateway.turnExternalUriGreen option and public FQDN for CoTurn Blue in the gateway.turnExternalUriBlue option.
- 3. **Create common infrastructure elements**: This step will deploy Persistent Volumes, Persistent Volume Claims, dashboards, alarms, and other common infrastructure elements.

Important You need to run this step even if you are not using the dashboard and alarms. Run the following command to create the infrastructure elements:

```
helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=infra --
set-string deployment.color="" webrtc-infra {HelmRepoPath}/webrtc-service --
version={WebRTC Charts Version}
```

Example:

```
helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=infra --set-
```

string deployment.color="" webrtc-infra wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtc-service -version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

 Create infrastructure elements for deployment color: This step is to deploy the infrastructure objects such as Turn Load Balancer, Gateway Service Object, Gateway Network Policies, and Turn Network Policies for the given color of deployment.

You must specify INACTIVE color of deployment for this step.

Important

Configure the deployment.coturnDeployment option with the value external in your values.yaml file.

Run the following command to create the infrastructure elements:

```
helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=infra --
set-string deployment.color={INACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-infra-{INACTIVE_COLOR}
{HelmRepoPath }/webrtc-service --version={WebRTC Charts Version}
```

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=infra --setstring deployment.color=blue webrtc-infra-blue wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtc-service --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

5. Create CoTurn elements for deployment color: This step is to upgrade/deploy CoTurn for inactive color.

Run the following command to specify the INACTIVE color of deployment:

helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=coturn -set-string deployment.color={INACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-coturn-{INACTIVE_COLOR} {HelmRepoPath }/webrtc-service --version={WebRTC Charts Version}

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=coturn --setstring deployment.color=blue webrtc-coturn-blue wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtcservice --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

6. **Create Gateway elements for deployment color**: This step is to upgrade/deploy the Gateway for inactive color.

Important

CoTurn DNS name is used for Gateway deployment as a parameter in the corresponding values.yaml file.

Run the following command to specify the INACTIVE color of deployment:

```
helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=gateway
--set-string deployment.color={INACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-gateway-{INACTIVE_COLOR}
{HelmRepoPath }/webrtc-service --version={WebRTC Charts Version}
```

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml--set-string deployment.type=gateway --setstring deployment.color=blue webrtc-gateway-blue wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtcservice --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

7. Create/update Ingress controller rules for Active/Inactive routing for the Gateway deployments: This step is to install/upgrade ingress without changing the active color. The sampe step is also used for the Cutover.

Important

If you are deploying/upgrading green, specify the current ACTIVE color of deployment in the deployment.color option which is blue and vice versa. If you deploying/upgrading green and specify green for the **cutover** step, the current active deployment will be switched to the just deployed/ upgraded green.

Important

You must perform this step even if you do not plan to make cutover right now. This step is to upgrade the ingress and environment.

Run the following command to create/upgrade Ingress controller rules:

helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=cutover --set-string deployment.color={ACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-ingress {HelmRepoPath }/webrtcservice --version={WebRTC Charts Version}

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=cutover -set-string deployment.color=green webrtc-ingress wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtcservice --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

Cutover

During cutover, it switches active color of deployment. This step should be performed only after you confirm that the newly installed/upgraded deployment is alive and functional. You must specify the current INACTIVE color of deployment in the deployment.color option - deployment that was just deployed/upgraded and tested. Run the following command to specify the cutover:

helm upgrade --install -f {Webrtc Values files} --set-string deployment.type=cutover --setstring deployment.color={INACTIVE_COLOR} webrtc-ingress {HelmRepoPath }/webrtc-service -version={WebRTC Charts Version}

Example:

helm upgrade --install -f ./k8s/values.yaml --set-string deployment.type=cutover --set-string deployment.color=blue webrtc-ingress wrtchelmrepodevwestus2/webrtc-service --version=0.1.93 -n webrtc

Important

You need to use PersistentVolume and PersistentVolumeClaim instead of HostPath logs of Gateway pods and CoTurn Pods.

Validate the deployment

Follow the given steps to validate the deployment.

1. Verify PVCs are created and bound

kubectl get pvc

Sample output:

NAME STATUS VOLUME CAPACITY ACCESS MODES STORAGECLASS AGE webrtc-coturn-log-pvc Bound webrtc-coturn-log-volume 5Gi genesys-webrtc 110s RWX webrtc-gateway-log-pvc Bound webrtc-gateway-log-volume 5Gi RWX genesys-webrtc 110s

2. Validate CoTurn and Gateway services

kubectl get svc

Sample output:

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP
PORT(S) AGE			
webrtc-coturn-service-blue	LoadBalancer	10.202.51.156	192.168.30.208
443:31457/TCP 67m			
webrtc-gateway-service-blue	ClusterIP	10.202.47.170	80/TCP,8080/
TCP 67m			

3. Query pods in the WebRTC namespace to confirm that pod is created, and in running status

kubectl get pods

Sample output:

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
webrtc-coturn-blue-b5db74c96-mh9jv	1/1	Running	Θ	4m20s
webrtc-gateway-blue-d7ff45677-vbdg9	1/1	Running	Θ	86s

4. Validate Ingress configuration

kubectl get ingress

Sample output:

NAME CLASS HOSTS ADDRESS PORTS AGE webrtc-ingress-int webrtc.apps.vce-c0.eps.genesys.com,webrtc-test.apps.vcec0.eps.genesys.com 80 68s

5. Validate Ingress Edge route configuration

kubectl get route

Sample output:

NAME	HOST/PORT	PATH
SERVICES	PORT TERMINATION WILDCARD	
webrtc-gateway-service-blue	webrtc.apps.qrtph6qa.westus2.aroapp.io	
webrtc-gateway-service-blue	web edge None	
webrtc-ingress-int-cvdtt	webrtc.apps.qrtph6qa.westus2.aroapp.io	/
webrtc-gateway-service-blue	web None	
webrtc-ingress-int-trcvh	webrtc.apps.qrtph6qa.westus2.aroapp.io	/blue
webrtc-gateway-service-blue	web None	
webrtc-ingress-int-wf6x9	<pre>webrtc-test.apps.grtph6qa.westus2.aroapp.io</pre>	/blue
webrtc-gateway-service-blue	web None	

6. Query Ingress for made available WebRTC Web API

kubectl get ingress

Copy the WebRTC API from the Ingress output:

Sample output:

NAME CLASS HOSTS ADDRESS PORTS AGE webrtc-ingress-int webrtc.apps.vce-c0.eps.genesys.com,webrtc-test.apps.vcec0.eps.genesys.com 80 3h26m

Curl WebRTC "ping" API:

curl -s webrtc.apps.vce-c0.eps.genesys.com/ping
{"state":"up","version":"9.0.000.89","path":"blue"}