

GENESYS

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Setting up Genesys Multicloud CX Private Edition

High availability and disaster recovery

Contents

- 1 Key architectural distinctions
- 2 Cloud architecture
- 3 Private data center architecture
- 4 Planning for high availability
- 5 Resiliency modes of private edition services
 - 5.1 High availability modes
 - 5.2 Disaster recovery modes
 - 5.3 Modes for each service

High availability (HA) and disaster recovery (DR) are two important factors in establishing a resilient infrastructure. This article describes the two supported architecture types for HA and DR, as well as the HA and DR modes supported by the private edition services.

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Modern software environments demand two major types of agility:

- The ability to autoscale—that is, to rapidly increase processing power to handle a growth in interaction volume
- **Resiliency**—that is, the ability to fail over after losing one or more services—or even a whole data center or region

The second type of agility—the ability to bounce back from a failure—is broadly divided into two types of activity, each with its own requirements:

- **High availability (HA)** is the use of built-in redundancy to handle the failure of a service within a single region or data center
- **Disaster recovery (DR)** is the ability to continue processing after losing a whole region or data center, by failing over to another region or data center

Genesys Multicloud CX private edition allows you to set up a highly available and resilient infrastructure whether you are using a cloud deployment or hosting it in a private data center.

Note, however, that these two types of deployments require somewhat different architectures, as discussed below.

Important

Before you continue, review the platform section of the private edition architecture page for an in-depth discussion of key components of the private edition architecture, such as **unit pairs** and **Availability Zones**.

Key architectural distinctions

Both the cloud and private data center architectures use multiple geographical regions that are hosted within a single unit group. And in both types of environment, all of the unit pairs in a deployment are fully meshed with each other.

But the cloud deployment's ability to use Availability Zones makes its redundancy features more robust, as shown in the following table:

Deployment type	Redundancy type	Characteristics
Cloud	Availability Zones within regions	Multiple data centers in a small geographical area—can share a single Kubernetes cluster
Private data center	Physically discrete data centers	Data centers cannot share a Kubernetes cluster

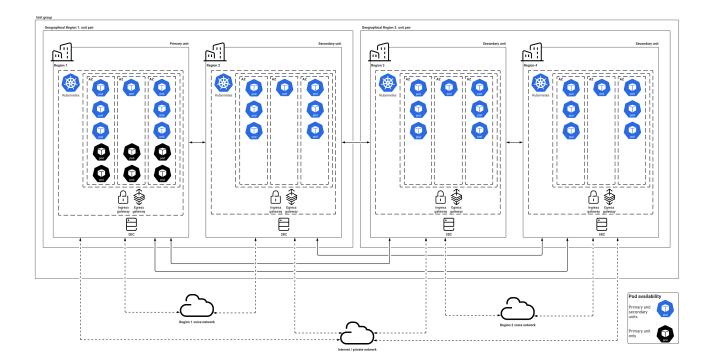
Cloud architecture

One of the most important advantages of a cloud architecture is the enhanced redundancy through the use of Availability Zones (AZs). As discussed in the platform section of the private edition architecture page, an AZ is a discrete location within a region that is designed to operate independently from the other Availability Zones in that region. Because of this separation, any given Availability Zone is unlikely to be affected by failures in other Availability Zones.

In the cloud architecture, high availability is achieved by deploying instances within different Availability Zones.

Important

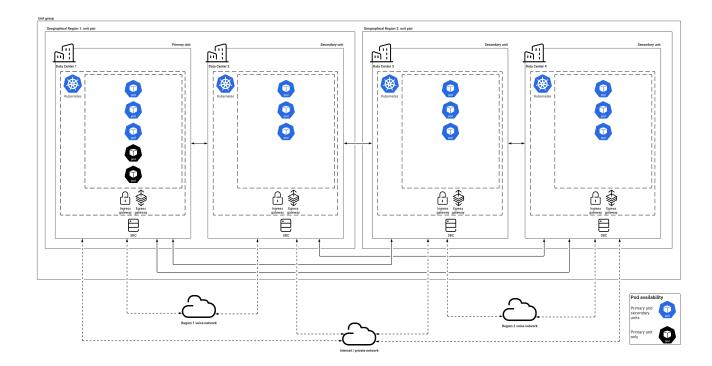
Black pod icons indicate services that can only be hosted in the primary unit.



Private data center architecture

Important

Black pod icons indicate services that can only be hosted in the primary unit.



Planning for high availability

Private edition services scale automatically to meet demand. And when a service fails, private edition's high availability features enable an auto restart of that service.

For first-time deployments, you must plan:

- · The number of nodes
- The number of pods that each node must run in your Kubernetes cluster

In order to reduce service disruptions, Genesys recommends that you run a minimum of three pod replicas for each service. Use the Sizing Calculator to determine the infrastructure requirements for achieving high availability in your contact center.

Resiliency modes of private edition services

High availability modes

Private edition services maintain high availability by using the following modes:

Important

Some services support more than one HA mode.

High availability modes

Mode	Description
N = 2 (active-active)	The service is running on two nodes simultaneously. If one fails, the other takes over.
N = 1 (singleton)	The service is running on a single node. If that node fails, a new node is started to take over processing for that service.
N = N (N+1)	The service normally runs on N nodes. If a node fails, a new node is started to replace the failing node.
Cron jobs	Some services run as cron jobs, meaning that normal HA is not applicable

Disaster recovery modes

Private edition services achieve disaster recovery by using the following modes:

Disaster recovery modes

Mode	Description
Active spare	A complete production replica is in place and serves traffic during normal operations
Limited active spare	A complete production replica is in place and serves traffic during normal operations, but the data is only used in case of disaster
Pilot light	The bare minimum configuration is in place to get the system back within a short time period. For example, there might be a read replica for a database. Application servers and web servers are deployed after the disaster.
Not supported	Disaster recovery is not supported for this service

Modes for each service

The following table displays the high availability and disaster recovery modes used by private edition services.

Important

Disaster recovery is not supported for services that are only available in the primary

unit.

Service & Included Services	High Availability	Disaster Recovery	Where can you host this service?
	N = N (N+1)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
— Designer	N = N (N+1) Or N = 2 (active-active)	Pilot light	Primary unit only
— Designer Application S	N = N (N+1) Server N = 2 (active-active)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
— Voice Platform Configu	uration(Segleton)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
— Voice Platform Media	Control(Platiform	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
— Voice Platform Report	in g Serkee ngleton)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
— Voice Platform Resour	cel Marlagiere-active)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
— Voice Platform Service	Discousingleton)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
	N = N (N+1)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
	N = N (N+1)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
	N = N (N+1)	Not supported	Primary unit only
	N = N (N+1)	Not supported	Primary unit only
	N = N (N+1)	Not supported	Primary unit only
	IWD Data Mart is a Cronjob that applicable.	runs on a per-tenant basis, so Higl	n Availability (HA) is not
	N = 1 (singleton)	Not supported	Primary unit only

Service & Included Services	High Availability	Disaster Recovery	Where can you host this service?
	N = N (N+1)	Not supported	Primary or secondary unit
— Genesys CX Insights	N = 2 (active-active)	Not supported	Primary unit only
— Reporting and Analyti	CSVA-gig (ස්ලුශ්චනා)	Limited active spare	Primary or secondary unit
	N = 1 (singleton)	Limited active spare	Primary or secondary unit
	N = 2 (active-active)	Pilot light	Primary unit only
	N = N (N+1)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
	N = 1 (singleton)	Active-spare	Primary unit only
	N = N (N+1)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
	N = N (N+1)	Not supported	Primary unit only
	N = N (N+1)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit
	N = N (N+1)	Active-spare	Primary or secondary unit