

# **GENESYS**

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# Designer Deployment Guide

# Table of Contents

Deployment Details	
Deploy Designer (versions v9012214 and above)	4
Deploy Designer (versions v9010005 and above)	73
Deploy Designer (versions prior to v9010005)	119

Search the table of all articles in this guide, listed in alphabetical order, to find the article you	u need.

# Deploy Designer (versions v9012214 and above)

### Contents

- 1 1. About this document
  - 1.1 1.1 Intended audience
  - 1.2 1.2 Before you begin
- 2 2. Product overview
  - 2.1 2.1 Designer
  - 2.2 2.2 Designer Application Server (DAS)
  - 2.3 2.3 Deployment architecture
  - 2.4 2.4 High Availability (HA), Disaster Recovery (DR), and Scalability
- 3 3. Prerequisites
  - 3.1 3.1 Mandatory prerequisites
  - 3.2 3.2 Optional prerequisites
- 4 4. Deployment configuration settings (Helm values)
  - 4.1 4.1 Designer deployment settings
  - 4.2 4.2 DAS deployment settings
- 5 5. Post deployment Designer configuration settings
  - 5.1 5.1 Flow settings
  - 5.2 5.2 Tenant settings
  - 5.3 5.3 DesignerEnv transaction list
  - 5.4 5.4 Post deployment configuration settings reference table
  - 5.5 5.5 Features
  - 5.6 5.6 Adding a UI plugin to Designer
- 6 6. Logging
  - 6.1 6.1 Log levels
- 7 7. Platform / Configuration Server and GWS settings
  - 7.1 7.1 Create Roles for Designer
  - 7.2 7.2 Create the DesignerEnv transaction list

- 7.3 7.3 Platform settings
- 7.4 7.4 GWS configuration
- 8 8. Deployment
  - 8.1 8.1 Preparation
  - 8.2 8.2 Set up Ingress
  - 8.3 8.3 Set up Application Gateway (WAF) for Designer
  - 8.4 8.4 Storage
  - 8.5 8.5 Set up Secrets
  - 8.6 8.6 Deployment strategies
  - 8.7 8.7 Rolling Update deployment
  - 8.8 8.7.1 Designer
  - 8.9 8.7.2 DAS
  - 8.10 8.8 Blue-Green deployment
  - 8.11 8.8.1 Designer
  - 8.12 8.8.2 DAS
  - 8.13 8.9 Canary
  - 8.14 8.10 Validations and checks
- 9 9. Post deployment procedures
  - 9.1 Upgrading the Designer workspace
  - 9.2 Updating the flowsettings file
- 10 10. Enabling optional features
  - 10.1 10.1 Enable Designer Analytics and Audit Trail
  - 10.2 10.2 Enable Personas
  - 10.3 Update application settings
- 11 11. Cleanup
  - 11.1 11.1 Elasticsearch maintenance recommendations
- 12 12. Limitations

Learn how to deploy Designer as a service in a Kubernetes cluster (for **DesDepMnfst v9012214** and above).

#### 1. About this document

This document guides you through the process of deploying and configuring Designer and Designer Application Server (DAS) as a service in a Kubernetes (K8s) cluster.

Information on the following topics is provided:

- · Overview of Designer and DAS
- · Configuration details
- · Deployment process
- · Enabling optional features
- Cleanup
- Known limitations

#### 1.1 Intended audience

This document is intended for use primarily by system engineers and other members of an implementation team who will be involved in configuring and installing Designer and DAS, and system administrators who will maintain Designer and DAS installations.

To successfully deploy and implement applications in Designer and DAS, you must have a basic understanding of and familiarity with:

- Network design and operation
- · Network configurations in your organization
- Kubernetes
- Genesys Framework architecture and functions

#### 1.2 Before you begin

- 1. Install Kubernetes. Refer to the Kubernetes documentation site for installation instructions. You can also refer to the Genesys Docker Deployment Guide for information on Kubernetes and High Availability.
- 2. Install Helm according to the instructions outlined in the Helm documentation site.

After you complete the above mandatory procedures, return to this document to complete an onpremise deployment of Designer and DAS as a service in a K8s cluster.

## 2. Product overview

The following sections provide a brief overview of Designer and DAS.

#### 2.1 Designer

The Designer service provides a web UI to build and manage VXML and SCXML based self-service and assisted service applications for a number of media types. It stores data on the local file system and is synchronized across instances by using services like Network File System (NFS). Genesys customers can build applications using a simple drag and drop method, and assign contact points (Route Points and other media endpoints) to applications directly from the Designer UI. Insights into runtime behavior of applications and troubleshooting aid is provided by Designer Analytics, which includes a rich set of dashboards based on session detail records (SDR) from data stored in Elasticsearch.

Designer offers the following features:

- Applications for working with phone, chat, email, SMS (text messages), Facebook, Twitter, and open media types.
- Bots, ASR, TTS capabilities for self-service.
- · Assisted service or routing.
- · Callback.
- · Business Controls.
- · Audio, message management.
- Grammars management.
- Contact points management route points, chat end points, email pop-client/mailboxes.
- · Analytics dashboards through embedded Kibana.

Designer is an Express/Node.js application. The UI is designed using Angular powered Bootstrap. Application data (SCXML and VXML) is stored as a file system. Designer Analytics and Audit data is stored in Elasticsearch.

#### 2.2 Designer Application Server (DAS)

Designer Application Server (DAS) hosts and serves the Designer generated application files (SCXML and VXML), audio, and grammars. It also provides:

- Runtime evaluation of Business Controls (business hours, special days, emergency flags and data tables).
- · Callback interface to GES.

DAS uses built-in NGINX to front requests. It consists of 3 modules: NGINX, PHP, and Node.js.

 Requests for static workspace content (SCXML, VXML, JS, audio, grammar, etc) are handled by the NGINX module.

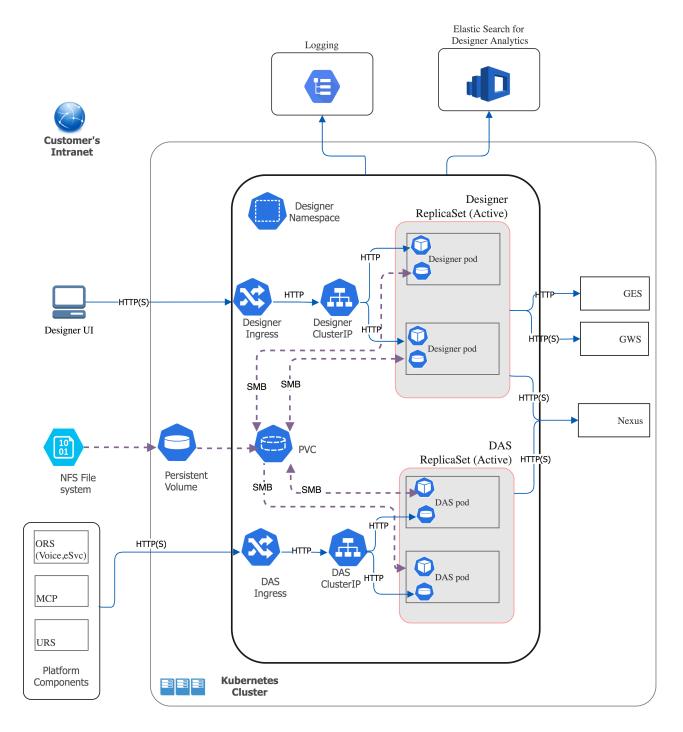
- Requests for PHP content are processed by the FastCGI PHP module.
- SDR (Analytics) processing requests are handled by the DAS Node.js module.

### **Important**

Files generated by Designer can be served only by DAS. Designer will work only with DAS.

# 2.3 Deployment architecture

The below architecture diagram illustrates a sample premise deployment of Designer and DAS:



## 2.4 High Availability (HA), Disaster Recovery (DR), and Scalability

Designer and DAS must be deployed as highly available in order to avoid single points of failure. A minimum of 2 replicas of each service must be deployed to achieve HA.

The Designer and DAS service pods can be automatically scaled up or down based on metrics such as CPU and memory utilization. The *Deployment configuration settings* section explains how to

configure HA and auto-scaling.

Refer to the Genesys Docker Deployment Guide for more information on general HA recommendation for Kubernetes.

# 3. Prerequisites

Before deploying Designer, ensure the following resources are deployed, configured, and accessible:

#### 3.1 Mandatory prerequisites

- Kubernetes 1.12+
- Helm 3.0
- Docker
  - To store Designer and DAS docker images to the local docker registry.
- Ingress Controller
  - If Designer and DAS are accessed from outside of a K8s cluster, it is recommended to deploy/ configure an ingress controller (for example, NGINX), if not already available. Also, the Blue-Green deployment strategy works based on the ingress rules.
  - The Designer UI requires *Session Stickiness*. Configure session stickiness in the *annotations* parameter in the **values.yaml** file during Designer installation.
- Persistent Volumes (PVs)
  - Create persistent volumes for workspace storage (5 GB minimum) and logs (5 GB minimum)
  - Set the access mode for these volumes to ReadWriteMany.
  - The Designer manifest package includes a sample YAML file to create Persistent Volumes required for Designer and DAS.
  - Persistent volumes must be shared across multiple K8s nodes. Genesys recommends using NFS to create Persistent Volumes.
- Shared file System NFS
  - For production, deploy the NFS server as highly available (HA) to avoid single points of failure. It is also recommended that the NFS storage be deployed as a Disaster Recovery (DR) topology to achieve continuous availability if one region fails.
  - By Default, Designer and DAS containers run as a Genesys user (uid:gid 500:500). For this reason, the shared volume must have permissions that will allow write access to uid:gid 500:500. The optimal method is to change the NFS server host path to the Genesys user: chown -R genesys:genesys.
  - The Designer manifest package includes a sample YAML file to create an NFS server. Use this only for a demo/lab setup purpose.
  - Azure Files Storage If you opt for Cloud storage, then Azure Files Storage is an option to consider and has the following requirements:
     A Zone-Redundant Storage for RWX volumes replicated data in zone redundant (check this), shared

across multiple pods.

• Provisioned capacity: 1 TiB

Baseline IO/s: 1424Burst IO/s: 4000

Egress Rate: 121.4 MiBytes/sIngress Rate: 81.0 MiBytes/s

- Genesys Web Services (GWS) 9.x
  - Configure GWS to work with a compatible version of Configuration Server.
- · Other Genesys Components
  - ORS ORS 8.1.400.x
  - Nexus 9.x
  - URS 8.1.400.x

#### 3.2 Optional prerequisites

- Elasticsearch 7.8.0
  - Elasticsearch is used for Designer Analytics and audit trail.
- Redis 3.2.x
  - Redis is used for resource index caching and multi-user collaboration locks on Designer resources.

# 4. Deployment configuration settings (Helm values)

This section provides information on the various settings that have to be configured in Designer and DAS. The configuration settings listed below will be used during the deployment of Designer and DAS. That is, these settings will be used during initial deployment / upgrade. These settings can be configured in the **values.yaml** Helm file.

#### 4.1 Designer deployment settings

The following table provides information on the Designer deployment settings. These settings are configured in the **designer-values.yaml** file.

Parameter	Description	Mandatory?	Default Value
designer.deployment.re	Number of service epi i calount instances to be created.	Mandatory	2
designer.deployment.ma	The maximum number of replicas to be axmeptedaltoisnt recommended to configure this setting if	Optional	10

	auto-scaling is used.		
designer.deployment.st	The deployment strategy to follow. This determines which type of resources are deployed. Valid values are: rollingupdate, blue-green, blue-green-volume, blue-green-ingress, grafana.  • rollingupdate - default Kubernetes update strategy where resources will be updated using the rolling upgrade strategy.  • blue-green - for deploying and upgrading the	Mandatory	rollingupdate
designer.deployment.co	This is to deploy/ upgrade the Designer service in a blue-green upgrade strategy. Valid values are: blue, green.	Optional	
designer.deployment.ty	This is to specify the page of deployment. Valid value:	Optional	Deployment

	Deployment.		
designer.image.registr	The registry that the cyorganization uses for storing images.	Mandatory	
designer.image.reposit	Docker repository that compntains the images for Designer.	Mandatory	
designer.image.tag	Designer image version.	Mandatory	9.0.110.07.7
donimon imaga Dull Dal	Designer image pull policy (imagePullPolicy). Valid values: Always, IfNotPresent, Never.  • Always - always pull the image.	Mondatory	T-fNo+Drocont
designer.image.PullPol	the image only if it does not already exist on the node.  Never - never pull the image.	Mandatory	IfNotPresent
designer.image.imagePu	Secret name containing Gredentials for authenticating access to the Docker repository.	Mandatory	
designer.volumes.works	If a persistent volume is ptace everented, the is value has to be true.	Mandatory	true
designer.volumes.works	The path where the workspace volume is to be mounted inside the Designer container.	Mandatory	/designer/workspace (Changing this value is not recommended.)
designer.volumes.works	Persistent volume claim paaue Perforcilaeim workspace.	Mandatory	designer-managed- disk
designer.volumes.works	Size of the persistent volume claim for the workspace. spacePvc.claimSize The persistent volume must be equal to or greater than this size.	Mandatory	
designer.volumes.works	storageClassName provided in the persistent volume that pacePyc torage tass is created for the Designer workspace (example, <b>nfs</b> ).	Mandatory	
designer.volumes.logsF	of a PVC volume is to be created, this value has	Mandatory	true

	to be true, else false.		
designer.volumes.logsP	The path where the Designer logs volume is to be mounted inside the Designer container.	Mandatory	/designer/logs
designer.volumes.logsP	Persistent volume claim vc claim name for logs.	Mandatory	designer-logs
designer.volumes.logsP	Size of the persistent volume claim for the Designer logs. Vc.claimSize The persistent volume must be equal to or greater than this size.	Mandatory	
designer.volumes.logsP	storageClassName provided in the persistent volume that vis created for the Designer logs (example, <b>nfs</b> ).	Mandatory	
designer.podVolumes	Log and workspace persistent volume claim names and name of the volumes attached to the pod.	Mandatory	designer:     podVolumes:         - name: designer- pv-volume  persistentVolumeClaim:         claimName: designer-managed-disk         - name: designer- log-volume  persistentVolumeClaim:         claimName: designer-logs
designer.volumeMounts	Name and mount path of the volumes to be attached to the Designer pods.	Mandatory	<pre>volumeMounts:     - name: designer- pv-volume</pre>
designer.livenessProbe	Designer liveness probe API path.	Mandatory	/health
designer.livenessProbe	Port running the container container.	Mandatory	8888
designer.livenessProbe	The liveness probe will state of the liveness probe will state of the liveness	Mandatory	20
designer.livenessProbe	.Tdme cikterte hbetween	Mandatory	5

	each liveness probe		
	request.		
designer.livenessProbe	Number of liveness probe failures after which ite Conark the container as unstable or restart.	Mandatory	5
designer.readinessProb	Designer readiness e.path probe API path.	Mandatory	/health
designer.readinessProb	Port running the e. container Port container.	Mandatory	8888
designer.readinessProb	The readiness probe will be thankepDaftey a given delay as specified here.	Mandatory	20
designer.readinessProb	The interval between eartheckadinessaprobe request.	Mandatory	5
designer.readinessProb	Number of readiness probe failures after ewhach, the container as unstable or restart.	Mandatory	5
designer.designerSecre	This enables providing the GWS Client ID and Secret as an input to the HSecigate repods. Kubernetes Secrets is used to store the GWS client credentials.	Mandatory	true
designer.designerSecre	GWS Client ID and GWS Client Secret. Create a new GWS Client if it does not exist. A link to information on creating a new GWS Client is provided in the Platform settings section.	Mandatory	
designer.service.enabl	Set to true if the esservice must be created.	Optional	true
designer.service.type	Service type. Valid values are: ClusterIP, NodePort, LoadBalancer.	Mandatory	NodePort
designer.service.port	The Designer service port to be exposed in the cluster.	Mandatory	8888
designer.service.targe	The Designer tappptcation port running inside the container.	Mandatory	http
designer.service.nodeP	old to be exposed in	Mandatory for	30180

	case service type is NodePort.	designer.service.type=	=NodePort.
designer.service.termi	The period after which Kubernetes starts to nation of face period delete the pods after service termination.	Optional	30 seconds.
designer.ingress.enabl	Set to true to enable ingress.  Adgress should be enabled for all cases except for a lab/demo setup.	Mandatory	true
designer.ingress.annot	Annotations added for ingress. The Designer UI requires Session Stickiness if the replica count is more than 1. Configure Session Stickiness based on the ingress controller type. Configuration specific to ingress such as Session Stickiness can be provided here.	Optional	
designer.ingress.paths	Ingress path	Mandatory	[/]
designer.ingress.hosts	Hostnames to be configured in ingress for the Designer service.	Mandatory	example.comblue.example.comgreen.example.com
designer.ingress.tls	TLS configuration for ingress.	Optional	[]
designer.resources.lim	Maximum amount of nittBUருவ் K8s allocates for the container.	Mandatory	600m
designer.resources.lim	Maximum amount of memory that K8s in the memory that K8s allocates for the container.	Mandatory	1Gi
designer.resources.rec	Guaranteed CPU Juælkdcsatiopnu for the container.	Mandatory	500m
designer.resources.rec	Guaranteed memory புடி!dusa.tinemdonythe container.	Mandatory	512Mi
designer.securityConte	This setting controls which user ID the containers are run with. This can be configured to run Designer as a non-root user. You can either use the <b>Genesys</b> user or arbitrary UIDs.	Optional	

	Both are supported by the Designer base image. 500 is the ID of the Genesys user.  The file system must reside within the Genesys user account in order to run Designer as a Genesys user. Change the NFS server host path to the Genesys user: chown -R genesys:genesys.		
designer.securityConte	Controls which primary group ID the containers are run with. This can be configured to run Designer as a non-root extseruitas@acupither use the <b>Genesys</b> userGroup (GID - 500) or arbitrary GIDs. Both are supported by the Designer base image.	Optional	
designer.nodeSelector	To allow pods to be scheduled based on the labels assigned to the nodes.	Optional	Default value: nodeSelector: {} Sample value: nodeSelector: :
designer.affinity	The K8s standard node affinity and anti-affinity configurations can be added here. Refer to the this topic in the Kubernetes documentation site for sample values.	Optional	{}
designer.tolerations	Tolerations work with taints to ensure that pods are not scheduled on to inappropriate nodes. Refer to the Taints and Tolerations topic in the Kubernetes documentation site for sample values.	Optional	[]
designer.podDisruption	Set to true if a pod Bdwgeptiendbloeget is to be created.	Optional	false
designer.podDisruption	The number of pods that should always be Budget minAvaitable available during a disruption.	Optional	1
designer.dnsPolicy	The DNS policy that	Optional	

	should be applied to the Designer pods.		
designer.dnsConfig	The DNS configuration that should be applied to the Designer pods.	Optional	
designer.priorityClass	The priority class name Name the pods should belong to.	Optional	
designer.hpa.enabled	Enables K8s Horizontal Pod Autoscaler (HPA). It automatically scales the number of pods based on average CPU utilization and average memory utilization. For more information on HPA refer to this topic in the Kubernetes documentation site.	Optional	false
designer.hpa.targetCPU	The K8s HPA controller will scale up or scale down pods based on the target CPU utilization percentage specified Premeent scales up or scales down pods between the range - designer.deployment.re and designer.deployment.ma		70
designer.hpa.targetMem	The K8s HPA controller will scale up or scale down pods based on the target memory utilization percentage capædifiedhtere. It scales up or scales down pods between the range - designer.deployment.re and designer.deployment.ma		70
designer.labels	Labels that will be added to the Designer pods.	Optional	{}
designer.annotations	Annotations added to the Designer pods.	Optional	{}
designer.prometheus.en	Set to true if all or bedetheus metrics must be enabled.	Optional	false
designer.prometheus.ta	Label key assigned to gulhæmpods/service to filter out.	Optional	service

Label value assigned to designer.prometheus.tagNmelpeds/service to filter out.	Optional	designer
designer.prometheus.instance	Optional	{{instance}}
Set to true if a service monitor resource is needed to monitor the pods through the Kubernetes service.	Optional	false
designer.prometheus.serviceMonitor.path metrics are exposed.	Optional	/metrics
The scrape interval specified for the Prometheus server. That designer.prometheus.serisiteedimideinteinval natal which the Prometheus server will fetch metrics from the service.	Optional	10s
Labels to be specified designer.prometheus.serføidelMoseirtvore habeiter resource.	Optional	
Set to true if designer.prometheus.alePrometheus alerts must to be created.	Optional	false
Any custom alerts that designer.prometheus.aleantescreatedmanlust the specified here.	Optional	
designer.prometheus.aleris.tabels to be specified for the alerts resource.	Optional	
Scenarios for which designer.prometheus.aledests need to be created.	Optional	designer.prometheus.aler  containerRestartAlert:     interval: 3m     threshold: 5  AlertPriority: CRITICAL  MemoryUtilization:     interval: 1m     threshold: 70  AlertPriority: CRITICAL  endpointAvailable:     interval: 1m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL  CPUUtilization:     interval: 1m     threshold: 70

			AlertPriority: CRITICAL  containerReadyAlert:     interval: 1m     readycount: 1
			AlertPriority: CRITICAL  WorkspaceUtilization:
			AlertPriority: CRITICAL AbsentAlert: interval: lm AlertPriority:
			CRITICAL  Health: interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL
			WorkspaceHealth: interval: 3m AlertPriority:
			CRITICAL ESHealth: interval: 3m AlertPriority:
			CRITICAL GWSHealth: interval: 3m AlertPriority:
			CRITICAL
designer.grafana.enabl	be created.	Optional	true
designer.grafana.label	ConfigMap.	Optional	
designer.grafana.annot	Grafana ConfigMap.	Optional	
annotations	Enables Kubernetes Annotations and adds it	Optional	{}

	to all the resources that have been created.  For more information, refer to the Annotations topic in the Kubernetes documentation site.		
labels	Any custom labels can be configured here. It is a key and value pair, for example, key:"value". These labels are added to all resources.	Optional	{}
podLabels	Labels that will be added to all application pods.	Optional	{}
podAnnotations	Annotations that will be added to all application pods.	Optional	{}

### 4.1.1 Designer ConfigMap settings

The following table provides information on the environment variables and service-level settings stored in the Designer ConfigMap.

Parameter	Description	Mandatory?	Default Value
designer.designerConf.	This enables providing environment variables as an input to the Designer pods. It uses a ConfigMap to store the environment variables.	Mandatory	true
designer.designerConf	Designer port for container ("port" in iglewsetth ("port"). The input should be a string, within double quotes.	Mandatory	"8888"
designer.designerConf	DAS hostname ig("applicationHost"=Rn_H flowsettings.json).	0¶ andatory	das
designer.designerConf	DAS port ("applicationPort" in igfl@www.ettDhEgs_ARRASDERWER_Po input should be a string, within double quotes.	0 <b>M</b> andatory	"80"
designer.designerConf	This is normally not changed. It is the relative path to the workspace on DAS. The default value "/workspaces" should be used always ("deployURL" in	Mandatory	"/workspaces"

	flowsettings.json).		
designer.designerConfi	Set to "true" so Designer works with GWS. If set to "false", Designer defaults to a local mode and may be guserd sed foods Hyllf GWS is unavailable ("usehtcc" in flowsettings.json). Input should be "true" or "false".	Mandatory	"false"
designer.designerConfi	GWS server host ("htccserver" in flowsettings.json). For .gexemvpleES_HTCC_SERVER "gws.genhtcc.com". The input should be a string, within double quotes.	Mandatory	и и
designer.designerConfi	GWS server port ("htccport" in flowsettings ison). For example, "80". The input should be a string, within double quotes.	Mandatory	п п
designer.designerConfi	To enable or disable Designer Analytics ("enableAnalytics" in a low settings. Ison). Input should be "true" or "false".	Y TOIMSonal	"false"
designer.designerConfi	Elasticsearch URL ("esUrl" in flowsettings.json). For gexemvsleE5thtf5://kkl- service:9200". The input should be a string, within double quotes.	Optional	н н
designer.designerConfi	Elasticsearch Server Host Name ("esServer" in flowsettings.json). For .gexemvsleE"esSERVER service"). The input should be a string, within double quotes.	Optional	п п
designer.designerConfi	Elasticsearch port ("esPort" in flowsettings ison) For example, "9200". The input should be a string, within double quotes.	Optional	н н
designer.designerConfi	Enable file logging lf gnot enabled, Designer	G_ <b>NEAIABAEO</b> TY	"false"

	will create only verbose logs. Input should be "true" or "false".		
designer.designerFlowS	Set to true to include the contents of the flowsettings yaml file in a separate ConfigMap. Input should be true or false.	Optional	false
designer.designerFlowS	The flowsettings.yaml file should contain these keys, so that the file's contents will be included in the sectorifig Mapp Weefer to the Updating the flowsettings file section in the Deploy Designer topic for more information on this.	Optional	{}

# 4.2 DAS deployment settings

The following table provides information on the DAS deployment settings. These settings are configured in the **das-values.yaml** file. DAS Deployment Settings

Parameter	Description	Mandatory?	Default Value
das.deployment.replica	Number of pods to be created.	Mandatory	2
das.deployment.maxrepl	The maximum number of replicas to be	Optional	10
das.deployment.strateg	The deployment strategy to follow. This determines which type of resources are deployed. Valid values are: rollingupdate, blue-green, blue-green-ingress, blue-green-service, canary.  • rollingupdate - default Kubernetes update strategy where resources will be updated using the rolling update	Mandatory	rollingupdate

<ul> <li>blue-green - for deploying and upgrading the DAS service using the blue-green strategy.</li> <li>blue-green-ingress - for the blue-green upgrade, this is to create an ingress for the first time.</li> <li>blue-green-service - for the blue-green upgrade, this is to create a service for the first time, and update the service during a service cutover.</li> <li>canary - to deploy canary pods along with the blue-green pods.</li> </ul>		
This is to deploy/ upgrade the DAS service using the blue- green upgrade strategy. Valid values are: blue, green.	Mandatory for blue- green and blue-green- service strategies.	
Type of Kubernetes controller. Valid value is: Deployment  • Deployment - if the Designer workspace is stored in the local filesystem (same network where Designer is running) and mounted as NFS.	Optional	StatefulSet
Docker repository that contains the images for DAS.	Mandatory	
DAS image version.	Mandatory	
DAS image pull policy (imagePullPolicy). Valid values are: Always, IfNotPresent, Never.	Optional	IfNotPresent
	<ul> <li>blue-green - for deploying and upgrading the DAS service using the blue-green strategy.</li> <li>blue-green-ingress - for the blue-green upgrade, this is to create an ingress for the first time.</li> <li>blue-green-service - for the blue-green upgrade, this is to create a service for the first time, and update the service during a service cutover.</li> <li>canary - to deploy canary pods along with the blue-green pods.</li> <li>This is to deploy/ upgrade the DAS service using the blue-green upgrade strategy. Valid values are: blue, green.</li> <li>Type of Kubernetes controller. Valid value is: Deployment</li> <li>Deployment - if the Designer workspace is stored in the local filesystem (same network where Designer is running) and mounted as NFS.</li> <li>Docker repository that contains the images for DAS.</li> <li>DAS image version.</li> <li>DAS image pull policy (imagePullPolicy). Valid values are: Always,</li> </ul>	blue-green - for deploying and upgrading the DAS service using the blue-green strategy.      blue-green-ingress - for the blue-green upgrade, this is to create an ingress for the first time.      blue-green-service - for the blue-green upgrade, this is to create a service for the first time, and update the service during a service cutover.      canary - to deploy canary pods along with the blue-green pods.  This is to deploy/ upgrade the DAS service using the blue-green upgrade strategy. Valid values are: blue, green.  Type of Kubernetes controller. Valid value is: Deployment      Deployment - if the Designer workspace is stored in the local filesystem (same network where Designer is running) and mounted as NFS.  Docker repository that contains the images for DAS.  DAS image pull policy (imagePullPolicy). Valid values are: Always, Dational

	<ul> <li>Always - always pull the image.</li> <li>IfNotPresent - pull the image only if it does not already exist on the node.</li> <li>Never - never pull the image.</li> </ul>		
das.image.imagePullSec	Secret name containing the credentials for authenticating access to the Docker repository.	Mandatory	
das.podVolumes	Provides the name of the volume and name of the persistent volume claim to be attached to the pods	Mandatory	<pre>das: podVolumes: - name: workspace  persistentVolumeClaim:    claimName: designer- managed-disk - name: logs  persistentVolumeClaim:    claimName: designer- logs</pre>
das.volumes.podPvc.cre	This volume is usually created to mount a local disk to a DAS container for syncing data in case cloud storage is used for eastering Designer files. This value has to be true or false depending on whether the local disk is needed or not	Optional	false
das.volumes.podPvc.mou	The path where the workspace volume is to be mounted inside the DAS container.	Optional	
das.volumes.podPvc.cla	Persistent volume claim name for the volume.	Optional	local-workspace
das.volumes.podPvc.cla	Size of the persistent volume claim for the pod.	Optional	
das.volumes.podPvc.sto	storageClassName provided in the	Optional	

	persistent volume that		
	is created for DAS (example, <b>nfs</b> ).		
	The read/write priveleges and mount priveleges of the volume claim with respect to the nodes. Valid types are: ReadWriteOnce, ReadOnlyMany, ReadWriteMany.		
das.volumes.podPvc.acc	ReadWriteOnce -     the volume can be     mounted as read-     write by a single     node. essModes     ReadOnlyMany -     the volume can be     mounted as read-     only by many nodes.	Optional	ReadWriteOnce
	ReadWriteMany -     the volume can be     mounted as read-     write by many     nodes.  For more information, refer to     the access modes topic in the     Kubernetes documentation     site.		
das.volumeMounts	The name of the volume and the mount path to be used by the pods.	Mandatory	volumeMounts: - mountPath: /das/ www/workspaces name: workspace - mountPath: /das/log name: logs
das.dasSecrets.enabled	Set to true if Kubernetes secrets must be created to store keys/credentials/tokens.	Optional	false
das.dasSecrets.secrets	Key and value pairs containing the secrets, such as a username and password.	Optional	
das.livenessProbe.path	DAS liveness probe API path.	Mandatory	/health
das.livenessProbe.cont	Port running the ainerPort container.	Mandatory	8081
das.livenessProbe.star	tTIppedeiVæyness probe will	Mandatory	10

	be started after a given delay as specified here.		
das.livenessProbe.chec	The interval between kearde hive bess probe request.	Mandatory	5
das.livenessProbe.fail	container as unstable or restart.	Mandatory	3
das.readinessProbe.pat	$_{ m path.}^{ m DAS}$ readiness probe API path.	Mandatory	/health
das.readinessProbe.com	Port rupning the tainer Port container.	Mandatory	8081
das.readinessProbe.sta	The readiness probe will ritters bartary after a given delay as specified here.	Mandatory	10
das.readinessProbe.che	The interval between ckdី៤ៅt ៩៩៧diness probe request.	Mandatory	5
das.readinessProbe.fai	Number of readiness probe failures after lwhixing that the container as unstable or restart.	Mandatory	3
das.service.enabled	Set to true if the service must be created.	Optional	true
das.service.type	Service type. Valid values are: ClusterIP, NodePort, LoadBalancer.	Mandatory	NodePort
das.service.port	The DAS service port to be exposed in the cluster.	Mandatory	80
das.service.targetPort	The DAS application port running inside the container.	Mandatory	http
das.service.nodePort	Port to be exposed in case service type is NodePort.	Mandatory if das.service.type is NodePort.	30280
das.service.terminatio	The period after which Kubernetes starts to number the pods in case of deletion.	Optional	30 seconds.
das.ingress.enabled	Set to true to enable ingress.  Ingress should be enabled for all cases except for a lab/	Optional	false

	demo setup.		
das.ingress.annotation	Annotations added for the ingress resources.	Optional	
das.ingress.paths	Ingress path.	Optional	[/]
das.ingress.hosts	Hostnames to be configured in ingress for the DAS service.	Mandatory if ingress is enabled.	
das.ingress.tls	TLS configuration for ingress.	Optional	[]
das.resources.limits.c	Maximum amount of puPU that K8s allocates for the container.	Mandatory	600m
das.resources.limits.m	Maximum amount of memory that K8s allocates for the container.	Mandatory	1Gi
das.resources.requests	Guaranteed CPU adpocation for the container.	Mandatory	400m
das.resources.requests	Guaranteed memory allowertjon for the container.	Mandatory	512Mi
das.securityContext.ru	This setting controls which user ID the containers are run with and can be configured to run DAS as a non-root user. You can either use the <b>Genesys</b> user or arbitrary UIDs. Both are supported by the DAS base image. 500 is the ID of the Genesys user.  For more information refer to the Security Context topic in the Kubernetes documentation site.	Optional	
das.securityContext.ru	<b>Genesys</b> userGroup (GID - 500) or arbitrary GIDs. Both are supported by the DAS base image.	Optional	
das.nodeSelector	To allow pods to be	Optional	Default value:

	scheduled based on the labels assigned to the nodes.		<pre>nodeSelector: {} Sample value: nodeSelector: :</pre>
das.affinity	The K8s standard node affinity and anti-affinity configurations can be added here. Refer to the this topic in the Kubernetes documentation site for sample values.	Optional	{}
das.tolerations	Tolerations work with taints to ensure that pods are not scheduled on to inappropriate nodes. Refer to the Taints and Tolerations topic in the Kubernetes documentation site for sample values.	Optional	[]
das.podDisruptionBudge	Set to true if a pod etdienaptied budget is to be created.	Optional	false
das.podDisruptionBudge	The number of pods that should always be t. m.h.Avail able available during a disruption.	Optional	1
das.dnsPolicy	The DNS policy that should be applied to the DAS pods.	Optional	
das.dnsConfig	The DNS configuration that should be applied to the DAS pods.	Optional	
das.priorityClassName	The priority class name that the pods should belong to.	Optional	
das.hpa.enabled	Set to true if a K8s Horizontal Pod Autoscaler (HPA) is to be created.	Optional	false
das.hpa.targetCPUPerce	The K8s HPA controller will scale up/down pods based on the target CPU utilization percentage specified. It scale up/down pods between the range deployment.replicaCourto deployment.maxReplicas		75

das.hpa.targetMemoryPe	The K8s HPA controller will scale up or scale down pods based on the target CPU utilization percentage specified ritemet It scales up or scales down pods between the range - deployment.replicaCounand deployment.maxReplicas		70
das.labels	Labels that will be added to the DAS pods.	Optional	{}
das.annotations	Annotations added to the DAS pods.	Optional	{}
das.prometheus.enabled	Set to true if Prometheus metrics must be enabled.	Optional	false
das.prometheus.tagName	Label key assigned to the pods/service to filter out.	Optional	service
das.prometheus.tagValu	Label key assigned to the pods/service to filter out.	Optional	designer
das.prometheus.pod		Optional	{{pod}}}
das.prometheus.instanc	е	Optional	{{instance}}
das.prometheus.service	through the Kubernetes service.	Optional	false
das.prometheus.service	The path in which the Montfor path metrics are exposed.	Optional	/metrics
das.prometheus.service	The scrape interval specified for the Prometheus server. That Menilte time tieteralal at which the Prometheus server will fetch metrics from the service.	Optional	10s
das.prometheus.service	Labels to be specified  Moorithersdavibed smonitor resource.	Optional	
das.prometheus.alerts.	Setto true if Prometheus alerts must to be created.	Optional	false
das.prometheus.alerts.	Labels to be specified for the alerts resource.	Optional	
das.prometheus.alerts.	cAusytomusterntalerts that	Optional	

	are created must be specified here.		
das.prometheus.alerts.	Scenarios for which alerts need to be created.	Optional	das.prometheus.alerts.  containerRestartAlert:     interval: 3m

interval: 3m threshold: 70  AlertPriority: CRITICAL Health: Interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL WorkspaceHealth: interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL PhPhelath: interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL PhPhelatency: interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL PhPhelatency: interval: 1m  threshold: 10  AlertPriority: CRITICAL HITPLATENCY: interval: 1m  threshold: 60  AlertPriority: CRITICAL HITPLATENCY: interval: 5m  threshold: 100  AlertPriority: CRITICAL HITPLATENCY: interval: 5m  threshold:				
das.grafana.enabled  Grafana dashboard is to be created.  Labels that must be added to the Grafana  Optional  Optional				AlertPriority: CRITICAL Health: interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL WorkspaceHealth: interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL PHPHealth: interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL ProxyHealth: interval: 3m  AlertPriority: CRITICAL ProxyHealth: interval: 1m threshold: 10  AlertPriority: CRITICAL HTTPLatency: interval: 1m threshold: 60  AlertPriority: CRITICAL HTTPLatency: interval: 1m threshold: 60  AlertPriority: CRITICAL HTTP4XXCount: interval: 5m threshold: 100  AlertPriority: CRITICAL HTTP5XXCount: interval: 5m threshold: 100  AlertPriority: CRITICAL HTTP5XXCount: interval: 5m threshold: 100  AlertPriority:
das.grafana.labels added to the Grafana Optional	das.grafana.enabled	Grafana dashboard is to	Optional	true
	das.grafana.labels	added to the Grafana	Optional	

das.grafana.annotations	Annotations that must be added to the Grafana ConfigMap.	Optional	
annotations	Enables Kubernetes Annotations and adds it to all the resources that have been created.  For more information, refer to the Annotations topic in the Kubernetes documentation site.	Optional	{}
labels	Any custom labels can be configured here. It is a key and value pair, for example, key:"value". These labels are added to all resources.	Optional	{}
podLabels	Labels that will be added to all application pods.	Optional	{}
podAnnotations	Annotations that will be added to all application pods.	Optional	{}

# 4.2.1 DAS ConfigMap settings

Parameter	Description	Mandatory?	Default Value
das.dasConfig.create	This setting enables providing environment variables as an input to the DAS pods. It uses a ConfigMap to store the environment variables.	Mandatory	true
das.dasConfig.envs.DAS	Enables file logging.  DAS supports only std  out logging This should always be set to false.  Input should be "true"  or "false".	Mandatory	"false
das.dasConfig.envs.DAS	Enables log levels. Valid values are: "FATAL", 5_"ERROR", "WARN", "INFO", "DEBUG", "TRACE".	Optional	"DEBUG"
das.dasConfig.envs.DAS	Enables standard output console logging Input -should be "true" of "false".	Mandatory	"true"
das.dasConfig.envs.DAS	To enable Designer Apalytics This STICSEARCH Configuration is required for DAS to initialize ES	H_CEPATABILED	"false"

	templates. Input should be "true" or "false".		
das.dasConfig.envs.DAS	Elasticsearch server host name with http:// prefix For example SEARCH http://es-service. The input should be a string, within double quotes.	H <b>_Φϸ໓\$</b> ϭ̄nal	пп
das.dasConfig.envs.DAS	Elasticsearch port. For examples "80", The SEARCH input should be a string, within double quotes.	H_ <b>ው</b> መጽሪ nal	пп

# 5. Post deployment Designer configuration settings

Post deployment, Designer configuration is managed from the following 3 locations:

#### 5.1 Flow settings

Flow Settings is used for controlling global Designer settings that are applicable to all tenants and it contains bootstrap configuration settings such as port, GWS info, and DAS URL.

Configuration path - /workspace/designer/flowsettings.json.

This will be configured using the helm install. Refer to the *Updating the flowsettings file* section under *9. Post deployment procedures* for more information on updating the **flowsettings.json** file.

#### 5.2 Tenant settings

These are tenant specific settings if the Designer service is configured with multi-tenancy.

Configuration path - workspace//config/tenantsettings.json.

The user should logout and log back in after any changes to the **tenantsettings.json** file. The Designer UI will continue to show the older features until the user logs out and logs back in.

Tenant specific settings are configured by directly editing the file in the above path.

#### 5.3 DesignerEnv transaction list

The **DesignerEnv** transaction list is available in Configuration Server (Tenant/Transactions/ DesignerEnv). This is mostly used to control the run-time settings. Any change to the **DesignerEnv** transaction list does not require the application to be published again or a new build for the application.

The user should log out and log back in for the changes to reflect in the Designer UI.

The **DesignerEnv** transaction list is configured using Agent Setup.

# 5.4 Post deployment configuration settings reference table

Category: Analytics					
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	on Designer Env	Description	Value
enableAnalytic (optional)	<sup>S</sup> Yes	Yes	No	This flag enables or disables the analytics feature.	Sample value: true Default value: false
esUrl (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Elasticsearch URL	Sample value: http://es- spot.usw1.genhtcc.com:80
esServer (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Elasticsearch server host name (for example, es- service).	Sample value: es- spot.usw1.genhtcc.co
esPort (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Elasticsearch port.	Sample value: 80
ReportingURL (optional)	No	No	Yes Section: reporting	URL of Elasticsearch where Designer applications will report data.	Sample value: http://es- spot.usw1.genhtcc.com:80
esMaxQueryDura (optional)	t <u>i</u> on Yes	Yes	No	The maximum time range (in days) to query in Designer Analytics. Each day's data is stored in a separate index in Elasticsearch.	Sample value: 90 Default value: 90
sdrMaxObjCount (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	The maximum count of nested type objects that will be captured in SDRs. When set to -1, which is the default value, no objects will be trimmed. All the <i>milestones</i> or <i>activities</i> visited in runtime are expected to be	Sample value: 20

				captured in an SDR.		
SdrTraceLevel (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	<ul> <li>Value are:</li> <li>100 —  Debug level and up.  Currently, there are no Debug messages.</li> <li>200 —  Standard level and up. This setting will show all blocks that are entered during a call in the blocks array.</li> <li>300 —  Important level and up. This setting filters out all blocks from the blocks array, except those containing data that will change from call to call (such as the Menu block and User Input block).</li> </ul>	Sample value: 300 Default value: 300	
Category: Audit  Setting Name flowsettings.json tenantsettings.jsonDesignerEnv Description Value						
Setting Name	riowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	omesignerEnv	Description	Value	
enableESAuditL (optional)	ogs Tes	Yes	No	Enable or disable audit logs captured in Elasticsearch.	Sample value: false Default value: false	

enableFSAuditL (optional)	ogs Tës	Yes	No	Enable or Disable audit logs captured in the file system under the logs directory or in standard output.	Sample value: true Default value: true	
maxAppSizeComp (optional)	are Yés	Yes	No	The maximum size of data object for which a difference will be captured in the audit logs, value in bytes. That is, the difference between the Designer object's old value and new value.	Sample value: 1000000 Default value: 1000000	
enableReadAudi (optional)	tLogs Yes	Yes	No	Control whether reading of Designer objects is captured in audit trails. If enabled any Designer object viewed in the UI will be recorded in the audit logs.	Sample value: false Default value: false	
Category: Auth	orization					
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	ољDesignerEnv	Description	Value	
disableRBAC (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Controls if Designer reads and enforces permissions associated with the logged in user's roles.	Sample value: false Default value: false	
rbacSection (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	In a Role object, the name of the section within the Annex where the privileges are stored.	Sample value: CfgGenesysAdminist Default value: CfgGenesysAdminist	

disablePBAC (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Controls if Designer allows partitioning of the Designer workspace and restricts a user's access to Designer objects in the user's partitions.	Sample value: false Default value: false
Category: Colla			<b>.</b>	<b>5</b>	\
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	or Designer Env	Description	Value
locking (optional)	Yes	No	No	The type of locking used, in an editing session for applications, modules, or data tables. Valid values are: file, redis, none.  • none - resources are not locked and can be edited simultaneous by multiple users which can result in one user overwriting another user's changes.  • file - uses files to	
				keep track of locks and relies on shared storage (for example, NFS) to make lock files available to each Designer	

Category: DAS				pod. Lock files are stored in the same location as the user's Designer workspace.  • redis - uses Redis for storing resource locks and is recommende for production environments	
Setting Name	flowsettings ison	tenantsettings.js	on Designer Env	Description	Value
applicationHos (mandatory)		No	No	The server name Designer uses to generate the URL to the application. ORS and MCP fetch the application code and other resources from this URL.	Sample value: das.uswl.genhtcc.co Default value: localhost
applicationPor	t Yes	No	No	The corresponding port to be used with applicationHost.	Sample value: 80 Default value: 80
deployURL	Yes	No	No	This is normally not changed. It is the relative path to the workspace on DAS.	Sample value: /workspace Default value: /workspace
Category: Digit	al				
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	оßesignerEnv	Description	Value
rootsSRL (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	If specified, this is used to filter which Root Categories to display when	Sample value: Any REGular EXpression (REGEX).

				selecting Standard Responses.		
maxFlowEntryCo (optional)	unt Yes	No	Yes Section: flowsettings	Specify how many times the same application can process a specific digital interaction.	Sample value: 20 Default value: 20	
Category: Exte	rnal APIs					
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	onDesignerEnv	Description	Value	
httpProxy (optional)	Yes	Yes	Yes Secion: flowsettings	Specify the proxy used for external requests and nexus API calls (if enable_proxy is true).	Sample value: [http://vpcproxy-000-	int.geo.genprim.
redundantHttpP (optional)	roxy	Yes	Yes Section: flowsettings	Specify the backup proxy used for external requests and nexus API calls (if enable_proxy is true), when httpProxy is down.	Sample value: [http://vpcproxy-001-	int.geo.genprim.
Category: Feat	ures					
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	onDesignerEnv	Description	Value	
features	Yes	Yes	No	This is an object. See the <b>5.5 Features</b> section for a list of supported features.	Default value: {     nexus:     true,     enableBulkAudio:     true }	Import:
Category: GWS						
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	onDesignerEnv	Description	Value	
usehtcc	Yes	No	No	Set to true so that Designer works with GWS. If set to false, Designer defaults to a	Sample value: true Default value: false	

local mode and may be used temporarily if GWS is unavailable.						
htccServer  Yes  No  No  No  GWS Server  Default value: 980 Default value: 880 Default value: 980 Default va					may be used temporarily if GWS is	
Sample value: 30	htccServer	Yes	No	No	GWS Server	usw1-int.genhtcc.com Default value: gws-
ssoLoginUrl Yes No No No Subtraction Un Designer Value Introst/gws usukl.genhtcc.com Loging value Introst/gws usukl.genhtcc.com unitentication.  MaxConcurrentHTCCRequest (optional)  No No No Subtraction Sample value Introst/gws usukl.genhtcc.com unitentication.  For batch operations to GWS, the max number of concurrent requests that Designer will send to GWS.  For batch operations to GWS, the time, in milliseconds, for which duration Designer stores the results of a batch operation on the server, before deleting them.  Category: Help  Setting Name flowsettings.json tenantsettings.jsonDesignerEnv Description Value  docsMicroserviceURL (optional)  No No No URL for Designer documentation.  Designer documentation.  Sample value: 5 Default value: 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	htccport	Yes	No	No	GWS port.	
maxConcurrentHTCCRequest (optional)  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  N	ssoLoginUrl	Yes	No	No	authentication UI. Designer redirects to this URL for	https://gws- usw1.genhtcc.com Default value: https://gws-
batchOperationResultTTL (optional)  No No No No No Sample value: 100000 Designer stores the results of a batch operation on the server, before deleting them.  Category: Help Setting Name flowsettings.json tenantsettings.jsonDesignerEnv  No No No No No No No Default value: 100000 Default value: https://docs.genesys.com Documentation/ PSAAS/Public/ Administrator/ Designer  Occumentation/ PSAAS/Public/ Administrator/ Designer	maxConcurrentH (optional)	TCCRequest Yes	No	No	operations to GWS, the max number of concurrent requests that Designer will	
Setting Name flowsettings.json tenantsettings.jsonDesignerEnv Description Value  docsMicroserviceURL (optional)  No No Designer documentation.  Default value: https://docs.genesys.com/Documentation/PSAAS/Public/Administrator/Designer	batchOperation (optional)	ResultTTL Yes	No	No	operations to GWS, the time, in milliseconds, for which duration Designer stores the results of a batch operation on the server, before deleting	100000 Default value:
docsMicroserviceURL (optional)  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  N	Category: Help					
docsMicroserviceURL (optional)  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  No  N	Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	o <b>:</b> DesignerEnv	Description	Value
Category: IVR	docsMicroservi (optional)	ceurl Yes	No	No	Designer	https://docs.genesys.com Documentation/ PSAAS/Public/ Administrator/
category. 14 to	Category: IVR					
Setting Name flowsettings.json tenantsettings.jsonDesignerEnv Description Value	Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	onDesignerEnv	Description	Value

recordingType (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Specify the recording type to be used in Record block. Set as GIR. If the option is missing or blank, Full Call Recording type will be used.	Sample value: GIR Default value: GIR
Category: Logg	_		<b>5</b>		V 1
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	onDesignerEnv	Description	Value
<pre>logging: { designer: { level: debug }, audit: { level: trace}, auditdebug: { level: debug }, cli: { level: debug } } (optional)</pre>	Yes	No	No	Specify Designer log levels. Each field has valid values: trace, debug, info, warn, error, or fatal.  • designer - log level of Designer.  • audit - log level of audit.  • auditdebug - log level of audit debug, this will log detailed audit information.  • cli - log level for cli commands executed on Designer.	<pre>logging: {   designer: {   level:     debug},     audit: {     level: trace },     auditdebug:     { level: debug},     cli: {     level: debug } }  Default value:  logging: {     designer: {     level: debug },     audit: {     level: trace },     auditdebug:     { level: debug } } cli: {     level: debug } cli: {     level: debug } cli: {     level: debug } } </pre>
Category: Next	ıs				
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	on Designer Env	Description	Value
url (optional)	No	No	Yes Section: nexus	URL of Nexus that typically includes the API version path. For example,	Default value: http://nex- dev.usw1.genhtcc.com

				https://nexus- server/nexus/ api/v3.	
password (optional)	No	No	Yes Section: nexus	The Nexus x- api-key created by Nexus deployment.	Default value: dc4qeiro13nsof569df
enable_proxy (optional)	No	No	Yes Section: nexus	Boolean value to indicate if httpProxy is used to reach Nexus. Default value: false	
profile (optional)	No	No	Yes Section: nexus	Enable Contact Identification via Nexus (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).	
Category: Proc	ess				
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	on Designer Env	Description	Value
port	Yes	No	No	Designer process port in the container. Normally, the default value should be left as is.	Sample value: 8888 Defualt value: 3000
<b>Category: Prov</b>	isioning				
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	on Designer Env	Description	Value
primarySwitch (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Specify the primary switch name if more than one switch is defined for the tenant. Designer fetches and works with route points from this switch.	Default value: us- west-1
Category: Rout	ing				
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	on Designer Env	Description	Value
ewtRefreshTime (optional)	°No	No	Yes Section:	Specify the interval (in seconds) at	Sample value: 5 Default value: 1

Category: Redi		tenantsettings.js	flowsettings	which to refresh the Estimated Waiting Time when routing an interaction.	Value	
redis: { host: "", port: "", tlsEnabled: true, lockTimeout: 120, listTimeout: 1800 } (optional)	Yes	No	No	Used by Designer for resource index caching and multi-user collaboration locks on Designer resources.  It is a separate object that contains:  • host - Redis host name.  • port - Redis port.  • tlsEnabled - TLS enabled or not.  • lockTimeout - Timeout, in seconds, before a resource lock is released for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.  • listTimeout - The cache expiry timeout (in seconds) of the application list and shared modules list. By	Sample value:  redis: { host: "", port: "", tlsEnabled: true, lockTimeout: 120, listTimeout: 1800 }  Default value:  redis: { host: redis.server.ge port: 6379, tlsEnabled: true, lockTimeout:	nhtcc.co

				default, it is 30 minutes. That is, any new application/ modules created in the UI will be seen in the listing page after 30 mins. It can be reduced to a smaller value. This is to improve the page loading performance of the Applications and Shared Modules page. A better performance is achieved with a higher value.	
Category: Secu	ırity				
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	on Designer Env	Description	Value
zipFileSizeLim (optional)	itInMegaBytes Yes	Yes	No	Defines the maximum zipFile size limit (in megabytes) during bulk audio import.	Sample value: 50
disableCSRF (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Disable CSRF attack protection. For more information, refer to this topic in the CWE site.  By default, CSRF attack protection is enabled. It can be disabled by setting	Sample value: false Default value: false

				this flag to true.	
disableSecureC (optional)	ookie Yes	No	No	Disables the secure cookies header.	Sample value: false Default value: false
Category: Sess	ion				
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	оЮesignerEnv	Description	Value
idleTimeout (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Idle timeout, in seconds, before a user session is terminated while editing applications, modules, or data tables.	Sample value: 840 Default value: 840
lockTimeout (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Timeout, in seconds, before a resource lock is released, for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.	Sample value: 120 Default value: 120
lockKeepalive (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Interval, in seconds, before the client sends a ping to the server, to refresh the lock for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.	Sample value: 15 Default value: 15
Category: Worl					
Setting Name	flowsettings.json	tenantsettings.js	onDesignerEnv	Description	Value
maxBuilds (optional)	Yes	Yes	No	Specify the maximum number of builds allowed per application.	Sample value: 20 Default value: 20
enablePTE (optional)	No	No	Yes Section: flowsettings	Boolean value to indicate if PTE objects are enabled at runtime.	Sample value: true Default value: false

#### 5.5 Features

The features specified in this section are configured under the features object in the **flowsettings.json** file or the **tenantsettings.json** file.

For example,

## **Important**

These features are configured only in the **flowsettings.json** file and the **tenantsettings.json** file, and not in the **DesignerEnv** transaction list.

Category	Feature Setting Name	Mandatory	flowsettings.js	otenantsettings	.j <b>Sæs</b> cription	Default Value
	enableBulkAu	dΦφΣiφταπt	Yes	Yes	Enable/ disable the bulk audio import feature.	false
Audio	grammarValid	a <b>©</b> ptional	Yes	yes	If this feature is enabled, Designer will validate invalid grammar files during grammar upload and you can upload only valid grammar files (GRXML or Nuance compiled binary grammar files).	false
	externalAudi	o Suppti jaan atl	Yes	Yes	If this feature is enabled, a new audio type, External Audio, is	false

					available in the Play Message block. It accepts a single variable that contains a URL to the audio resource. MCP will fetch this resource directly and play it. The only supported value of <b>Play As</b> is <i>Audio URI</i> . There is no automatic language switching for this audio type.	
Nexus	nexus	Optional	Yes	Yes	Enable/ disable the Nexus feature.	false
Survey	survey	Optional	Yes	Yes	Enable/ disable the survey feature.	true
UI Plugins	plugins	Optional	Yes	Yes	Plugin configuration details. (Steps are given below the table.)	{}
	plugins	Optional	Yes	Yes	Enable or disable the plugin feature.	false
Milestone	enableImplic	c <b>i©Ypt</b> idbuNaelMiles	t <b>viens</b> es	Yes	Enable reporting each Shared Module call as an internal milestone. If disabled, Shared	false

				Module calls will not generate a milestone.	
Bots	enableDialogF <b>OoptiCXBa</b> dt	Yes	Yes	When enabled, Dialogflow CX bot type is added to the bot registry and available for selection in the <b>Bot provider</b> drop-down when you configure a new bot.	false

## 5.6 Adding a UI plugin to Designer

Add the plugins array object in the **flowsettings.json** file (/ofs/designer/flowsettings.json).
 The plugins object contains all the input properties for the plugin app. This is a required property. Whenever there is a change in this object, refresh the browser for the changes to take effect. Example:

2. Add the csplist array object in the **flowsettings.json** file (/ofs/designer/flowsettings.json). The csplist object contains the URL forms to be allowed by Designer's security policy. This is a required property. Whenever there is a change in this object, re-start the node container for the changes to take effect.

Example:

```
If the URL is http://genesysexample.com/, the cspList would be:
"cspList": ["*.genexample1.com:*", "*.genexample2.com:*", "*.genexample3.com:*"]
```

3. Turn on the plugins and nexus feature flags in the Designer **tenantSettings.json** file (/ofs//config/tenantSettings.json).

This is a required property. Whenever there is a change in this object, log out of Designer and log in

again for the changes to take effect.

## **Important**

If you want to enable the plugins feature for all tenants, add this feature flag in the **flowsettings.json** file. The feature is enabled for all the tenants under that bucket.

#### Example:

```
{
    "features": {
        "plugins": true,
        "nexus": true
}}
```

4. Add the url\_ property under the plugins section, in Agent Setup. If there is no plugins section, create one. This section is for the tenant URL override. If the DesignerEnv setting (Transactions/Internal/DesignerEnv) is not provided, the plugin URL from the flowsettings.json file is considered. This is an optional property. Whenever there is a change in this object, log out of Designer and log in again for the changes to take effect. Example:

```
{"url_" : "https://plugin-genesysexample.com"}
```

## 6. Logging

Designer and DAS support console output (stdout) logging. Genesys recommends configuring console output logging to minimize the host IOPs and PVCs consumption by using log volumes. Console output logs can be extracted using log collectors like *fluentbit/fluentd* and *Elasticsearch*.

Ensure the below setttings are configured in the respective **values.yaml** overrides for console logging:

```
    Designer designerEnv.envs.DES_FILE_LOGGING_ENABLED = false
```

```
2. DAS
  dasEnv.envs.DAS_FILE_LOGGING_ENABLED = false
  dasEnv.envs.DAS_STDOUT_LOGGING_ENABLE = true
```

## 6.1 Log levels

Post deployment, Designer and DAS log levels can be modified as follows:

#### 6.1.1 Designer

- 1. Configure the logging setting in the flowsettings override (**flowsettings.yaml**) Refer to the *5.4 Post deployment configuration settings reference table* section for option descriptions.
- 2. Execute the steps in the *Flowsettings.json update* section (see *Designer* under 8.8 Blue-Green deployment) for the changes to take effect .

#### 6.1.2 DAS

- 1. Configure the dasEnv.envs.DAS\_LOG\_LEVEL setting in the Helm **das-values.yaml** file. Refer to section 4.2 DAS deployment settings for setting descriptions.
- 2. Execute the steps in the *Upgrade non production color* section (see *DAS* under *8.8 Blue-Green deployment*). The same DAS version running in production can be used for the upgrade,
- 3. Execute the steps in the *Cutover* section (see *DAS* under *8.8 Blue-Green deployment*).

## 7. Platform / Configuration Server and GWS settings

This section explains the Configuration Server objects and settings required for Designer.

## 7.1 Create Roles for Designer

Designer uses roles and access groups to determine permissions associated with the logged-in user. To enable this, you must make these changes in GAX or CME.

Designer supports a number of bundled roles suitable for various levels of users.

- **Designer Developer** Most users fall into this category. These users can create Designer applications, upload audio, and create business controls. They have full access to Designer Analytics.
- **Designer Business User** These users cannot create objects but they can manage them (for example, upload audio, change data tables, and view analytics).
- Designer Analytics These users only have access to Designer Analytics.
- **Designer Admin** These users can set up and manage partitions associated with users and Designer objects.
- Designer Operations Users with this role have full access to all aspects of the Designer workspace.
   This includes the Operations menu (normally hidden), where they can perform advanced operational and maintenance tasks.

To create these roles, import the **.conf** files included in the **Designer Deployment** package. They are located in the **packages/roles/** folder.

In addition, ensure the following for user accounts that need access to Designer:

- The user must have read permissions on its own Person object.
- Users must be associated with one or more roles via access groups.
- The on-Premises user must have at least read access on the user, access group(s), and roles(s).
- The access groups must have read/write permissions to the Agent Setup folders Scripts and Transactions.

## 7.2 Create the DesignerEnv transaction list

Designer requires a transaction list for configuration purposes as described in other sections of this document. To set this up:

- 1. Create a transaction list called **DesignerEnv**.
- 2. Import the file **configuration/DesignerEnv.conf**, located in the Designer Deployment Manifest package.
- 3. Edit any values according to the descriptions provided in 5.4 Post deployment configuration settings reference table.
- 4. Save the list.
- 5. Ensure Designer users have at least read access to the **DesignerEnv** transaction list.

#### 7.3 Platform settings

The platform settings listed below must be configured if the Designer application is used for voice calls.

Component	Config Key	Value	Description
SIP Switch -> Voip Services -> msml service	userdata-map-format	sip-headers-encoded	Option needs to set to pass JSON data as user data in SIPS.
SIP Switch -> Voip Services -> msml service	userdata-map-filter	*	To allow userdata passing to MSML service.
	divert-on-ringing	false	RONA is handled by the platform.
	agent-no-answer- timeout	12	
	agent-no-answer-action	notready	
SIPServer> TServer	agent-no- answeroverflow	ш	No value, empty.
	after-routing-timeout	24	
	sip-treatments- continuous	true	
	msml-record-support	true	To allow routed calls recording via the Media Server.
Switch object annex> gts	ring-divert	1	
ORS> orchestration	new-session-on-reroute	false	Required for SIPS Default Routing (Default Routing handling (Voice)).
МСР	[vxmli] transfer.allowed	TRUE	Required for Transfer block (allows VXML

			Transfer in MCP).
MCP	[cpa] outbound.method	NATIVE	Required for Transfer block (allow CPA detection for Transfer ).
UCS	[cview] enabled	TRUE	Enables Customer Context Services.

## 7.4 GWS configuration

Ensure that the following steps are performed in GWS.

#### 7.4.1 Create Contact Center

Create a contact center in GWS if it is not already created. Refer to the GWS documentation for more information on this.

#### 7.4.2 Create GWS Client

Create new GWS client credentials if they are not already created . Refer to the GWS documentation for more information on this.

## 8. Deployment

This section describes the deployment process for Designer and DAS.

## 8.1 Preparation

Before you deploy Designer and DAS using Helm charts, complete the following preparatory steps:

- 1. Ensure the Helm client is installed.
- 2. Set up an Ingress Controller, if not already done.
- 3. Setup an NFS server, if not already done.
- 4. Create Persistent Volumes a sample YAML file is provided in the Designer manifest package.
- 5. Download the Designer and DAS docker images and push to the local docker registry.
- 6. Download the Designer package and extract to the current working directory.
- 7. Configure Designer and DAS value overrides (**designer-values.yaml** and **das-values.yaml**); ensure the mandatory settings are configured. If the Blue-Green deployment process is used, Ingress settings are explained in the 8.8 Blue-Green deployment section.

## 8.2 Set up Ingress

Given below are the requirements to set up an Ingress for the Designer UI:

· Cookie name - designer.session.

- Header requirements client IP & redirect, passthrough.
- · Session stickiness enabled.
- Allowlisting optional.
- TLS for ingress optional (should be able to enable or disable TLS on the connection).

## 8.3 Set up Application Gateway (WAF) for Designer

Designer Ingress must be exposed to the internet using Application Gateway enabled with WAF.

When WAF is enabled, consider the following exception in the WAF rules for Designer:

• Designer sends a JSON payload with data, for example, {profile . {} }. Sometimes, this is detected as OSFileAccessAttempt, which is a false positive detection. Disable this rule if you encounter a similar issue in your WAF setup.

#### 8.4 Storage

#### 8.4.1 Designer storage

Designer requires storage to store designer application workspaces. Designer storage is a shared file storage that will be used by the Designer and DAS services.

## **Important**

This storage is critical. Ensure you take backups and snapshots at a regular interval, probably, each day.

A Zone-Redundant Storage system is required to replicate data from the RWX volumes and must be shared across multiple pods:

- · Capacity 1 TiB
- Tier Premium
- Baseline IO/s 1424
- Burst IO/s 4000
- Egress Rate 121.4 MiBytes/s
- Ingress Rate 81.0 MiBytes/s

#### 8.4.2 Permission considerations for Designer and DAS storage

#### NFS

For NFS RWX storages, the mount path should be owned by genesys; genesys, that is, 500:500 with

0777 permissions. It can be achieved by one of the below methods:

- From the NFS server, execute the chmod -R 777 and chown -R 500:500 commands to set the required permissions.
- Create a dummy Linux based pod that mounts the NFS storage. From the pod, execute the chmod -R
  777 and chown -R 500:500 commands. This sets the required permissions. However, this method
  might require the Linux based pods to be run as privileged.

#### SMB / CIFS

For SMB / CIFS based RWX storages, for instance, Azure file share, the below mountOptions must be used in the **StorageClass** or the **PersistentVolume** template:

#### mountOptions

- dir\_mode=0777
- file mode=0777
- $uid=\overline{500}$
- gid=500
- mfsymlinks
- cache=strict

#### 8.5 Set up Secrets

Secrets are required by the Designer service to connect to GWS and Redis (if you are using them).

#### **GWS Secrets:**

• GWS provides a Client ID and secrets to all clients that can be connected. You can create Secrets for the Designer client as specified in the Set up secrets for Designer section below.

#### Redis password:

• If Designer is connected to Redis, you must provide the Redis password to Designer to authenticate the connection.

#### 8.5.1 Set up Secrets for Designer

Use the designer.designerSecrets parameter in the **values.yaml** file and configure Secrets as follows:

```
designerSecrets:
   enabled: true
   secrets:
    DES_GWS_CLIENT_ID: xxxx
   DES_GWS_CLIENT_SECRET: xxxx
   DES_REDIS_PASSWORD: xxxxx
```

#### 8.6 Deployment strategies

Designer supports the following deployment strategies:

· Rolling Update (default).

· Blue-Green (recommended).

DAS (Designer Application Server) supports the following deployment strategies:

- · Rolling Update (default).
- Blue-Green (recommended).
- Canary (must be used along with Blue-Green and is recommended in production).

## 8.7 Rolling Update deployment

The rolling update deployment is the standard default deployment to Kubernetes. It works slowly, one by one, replacing pods of the previous version of your application with pods of the new version without any cluster downtime. It is the default mechanism of upgrading for both Designer and DAS.

#### 8.7.1 Designer

#### Initial deployment

To perform the initial deployment for a rolling upgrade in Designer, use the Helm command given below. The values yaml file can be created as required.

• helm upgrade --install designer -f designer-values.yaml designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx

The values yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command:

designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - This is the new Designer version to be installed, for example, 9.0.111.05.5.

#### Upgrade

To perform an upgrade, the image version has to be upgraded in the **designer-values.yaml** file or can be set using the --set flag through the command given below. Once the **designer-values.yaml** file is updated, use this Helm command to perform the upgrade:

• helm upgrade --install designer -f designer-values.yaml designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx

The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command:

designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - This is the new Designer version to be installed, for example, 9.0.111.05.5.

#### Rollback

To perform a rollback, the image version in the **designer-values.yaml** file can be downgraded. Or you can use the --set flag through the command given below. Once the **designer-values.yaml** file is updated, use this Helm command to perform the rollback:

• helm upgrade --install designer -f designer-values.yaml designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --

```
set designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx
```

The values yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command:

designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - This is the Designer version to be rolled back to, for example, 9.0.111.05.5.

#### 8.7.2 DAS

#### Initial deployment

To perform the initial deployment for a rolling upgrade in DAS, use the Helm command given below. The values yaml file can be created as required.

helm upgrade --install designer-das -f designer-das-values.yaml designer-das-100.0.112+xxxx.tqz --set das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx

The values yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command:

das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - This is the new DAS version to be installed, for example, 9.0.111.05.5.

#### Upgrade

To perform an upgrade, the image version has to be upgraded in the **designer-das-values.yaml** file or can be set using the --set flag through the command given below. Once the **designer-das-values.yaml** file is updated, use this Helm command to perform the upgrade:

helm upgrade --install designer-das -f designer-das-values.yaml designer-das-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx

The values yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command:

das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx- This is the new DAS version to be installed, for example, 9.0.111.05.5.

#### Rollback

To perform a rollback, the image version in the **designer-das-values.yaml** file can be downgraded. Or you can use the --set flag through the command given below. Once the **designer-das-values.yaml** file is updated, use this Helm command to perform the rollback:

 helm upgrade --install designer-das -f designer-das-values.yaml designerdas-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx

The values yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command:

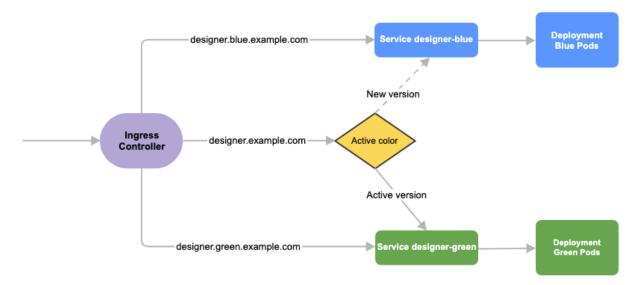
das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - This is the DAS version to be rolled back to, for example, 9.0.111.05.5.

## 8.8 Blue-Green deployment

Blue-Green deployment is a release management technique that reduces risk and minimizes downtime. It uses two production environments, known as Blue and Green or active and inactive, to provide reliable testing, continuous no-outage upgrades, and instant rollbacks. When a new release needs to be rolled out, an identical deployment of the application will be created using the Helm package and after testing is completed, the traffic is moved to the newly created deployment which becomes the active environment, and the old environment becomes inactive. This ensures that a fast rollback is possible by just changing route if a new issue is found with live traffic. The old inactive deployment is removed once the new active deployment becomes stable.

#### 8.8.1 Designer

Service cutover is done by updating the Ingress rules. The diagram below shows the high-level approach to how traffic can be routed to Blue and Green deployments with Ingress rules.



#### Preparation

Before you deploy Designer using the blue-green deployment strategy, complete the following preparatory steps:

- 1. Create 3 hostnames as given below. The blue service hostname must contain the string *blue*. For example, *designer.blue.example.com* or *designer-blue.example.com*. The green service hostname must contain the string *green*. For example, *designer.green.example.com* or *designer-green.example.com*. The blue/green services can be accessed separately with the blue/green hostnames:
  - designer.example.com For the production host URL, this is used for external access.
  - designer.blue.example.com For the blue service testing.
  - designer.green.example.com For the green service testing.
- 2. Configure the hostnames in the **designer-values.yaml** file under ingress. Annotations and paths can be modified as required.

```
ingress:
    enabled: true
    annotations: {}
    paths: [/]
    hosts:
        - designer.example.com
        - designer.blue.example.com
        - designer.green.example.com
```

#### Initial deployment

The resources - ingress and persistent volume claims (PVC) - must be created initially before deploying the Designer service as these resources are shared between blue/green services and they are required to be created at the very beginning of the deployment. These resources are not required for subsequent upgrades. The required values are passed using the -- set flag in the following steps. Values can also be directly changed in the values.yaml file.

1. Create Persistent Volume Claims required for the Designer service (assuming the volume service name is designer-volume). helm upgrade --install designer-volume -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --set designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green-volume
 The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command: designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green-volume - This denotes that the Helm install will create a persistent volume claim in the blue/green strategy.

2. Create Ingress rules for the Designer service (assuming the ingress service name will be designer-ingress):

```
helm upgrade --install designer-ingress -f designer-values.yaml designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green-ingress --set designer.deployment.color=green
The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command: designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green-ingress - This denotes that the Helm install will create ingress rules for the Designer service. designer.deployment.color=green - This denotes that the current production (active) color is green.
```

3. Deploy the Designer service color selected in step 2. In this case, green is selected and assuming the service name is designer-green:

```
helm upgrade --install designer-green -f designer-values.yaml
designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green --set
designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set designer.deployment.color=green
```

#### Upgrade

1. Identify the current production color by checking the Designer ingress rules (kubectl describe ingress designer-ingress). Green is the production color in the below example as the production host name points to the green service.

#### kubectl describe ingress designer-ingress

```
Host Path Backends
---- designer.example.com / designer-green:http (10.244.0.23:8888)
designer.blue.example.com / designer-blue:http (10.244.0.45:8888)
```

2. Deploy the Designer service on to the non-production color. In the above example, blue is the non-production color and assuming the service name will be designer-blue: helm upgrade --install designer-blue -f designer-values.yaml designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green --set designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set designer.deployment.color=blue The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command: designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green - This denotes that the Designer service is installed using the blue-green strategy. designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - This denotes the new Designer version to be installed, for example, 9.0.116.08.12. designer.deployment.color=blue - This denotes that the blue color service is installed. The non-production color can be accessed with the non-production host name (for example, designer.blue.example.com). Testing can be done using this URL.

#### **NodePort Service**

The designer-green release creates a service called designer-green and the designer-blue release creates a service called designer-blue. If you are using NodePort services, ensure that the value of designer.service.nodePort is not the same for both the releases. In other words, you should assign dedicated node ports for the releases. The default value for designer.service.nodePort is **30180**. If this was applied to designer-green, use a different value for designer-blue, for example, **30181**. Use the below helm command to achieve this:

```
helm upgrade --install designer-blue -f designer-values.yaml designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green --set designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set designer.deployment.color=blue --set designer.service.nodePort=30181
```

#### Cutover

Once testing is completed on the non-production color, traffic can be moved to the new version by updating the Ingress rules:

- 1. Update the Designer Ingress with the new deployment color by running the following command (in this case, blue is the new deployment color, that is, the non-production color): helm upgrade --install designer-ingress -f designer-values.yaml designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green-ingress --set designer.deployment.color=blue
   The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command: designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green-ingress This denotes that the helm install will create ingress rules for the Designer service. designer.deployment.color=blue This denotes that the current production (active) color is blue.
- 2. Verify the ingress rules by running the following command:

kubectl describe ingress designer-ingress The production host name must point to the new color service.

#### Rollback

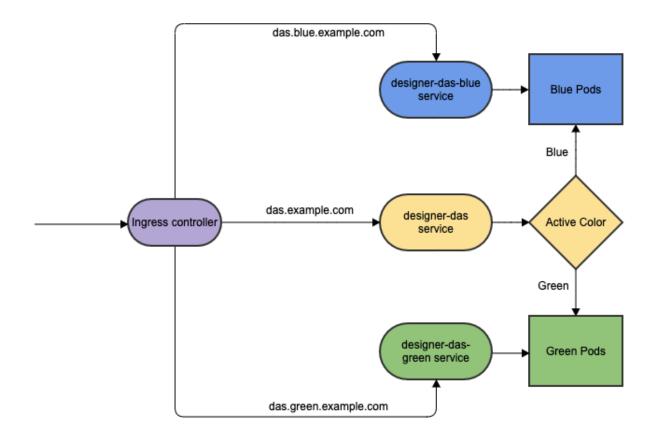
If the upgrade must be rolled back, the ingress rules can be modified to point to the old deployment pods (green, in this example) by performing a cutover again.

- Perform a cutover using the following command:
   helm upgrade --install designer-ingress -f designer-values.yaml
   designer-100.0.112+xxxx.tgz --set designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green-ingress set designer.deployment.color=green
   The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command:
   designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green-ingress This denotes that the Helm install will create
   Ingress rules for the Designer service.
   designer.deployment.color=green This denotes that the the current production (active) color is
   green.
- 2. Verify the Ingress rules by running the following command: kubectl describe ingress designer-ingress

  The production host name must point to the green service.

#### 8 8 2 DAS

As with Designer, the Blue-Green strategy can be adopted for DAS as well. The Blue-Green architecture used for DAS is given below. Here, the cutover mechanism is controlled by Service, the Kubernetes manifest responsible for exposing the pods. The Ingress, when enabled, will point to the appropriate service based on the URL.



Ingress setup

## **Important**

Ingress for DAS must be enabled only if DAS has to be reached from outside the Kubernetes cluster. If you don't intend to expose DAS outside the cluster, then ingress need not be enabled and you can skip these steps.

- 1. Configure Ingress Host names for DAS.
  - Create 3 hostnames as follows: The blue service host name must contain the string *blue*; for instance, das.blue.example.com or das-blue.example.com, The green service host name must contain the string *green*; for instance, das.green.example.com or das-green.example.com. The green/blue services can be accessed separately with these blue/green hostnames.
  - $\ast$  das.example.com This is the production host url, and is used for external access.
  - \* das.blue.example.com This is for blue service testing.
  - \* das.green.example.com This is for green service testing.
- 2. Configure the hostnames in the **das-values.yaml** file under ingress, annotations, and paths (can be modified based on the requirement).

```
ingress:
    enabled: true
    annotations: {}
    paths: ["/"]
    hosts:
        - das.example.com
        - das.green.example.com
```

#### Initial deployment

The Ingress must be created initially before deploying the DAS service since it is shared between blue/green services and it is required to be created at the very beginning of the deployment. The Ingress is not required for subsequent upgrades. The required values are passed using the -- set flag in the following steps. Values can also be directly changed in the values.yaml file.

- 1. Deploy initial DAS pods and other resources by choosing an active color, in this example, green. Use the below command to create a designer-das-green service: helm upgrade --install designer-das-green -f designer-das-values.yaml designer-das-100.0.106+xxxx.tgz --set das.deployment.strategy=blue-green --set das.image.tag= 9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set das.deployment.color=green
   The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command: das.deployment.strategy=blue-green This denotes that the DAS service will be installed using the blue-green deployment strategy. das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx This denotes the DAS version to be installed, for example, 9.0.111.04.4.
   das.deployment.color=green This denotes that the green color service is installed.
- 2. Once the initial deployment is done, the pods have to be exposed to the designer-das service. Execute the following command to create the designer-das service:
  helm upgrade --install designer-das designer-das-100.0.106+xxx.tgz -f designer-das-values.yaml --set das.deployment.strategy=blue-green-service --set das.deployment.color=green

  The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade das.deployment.strategy=blue-green-service This denotes that the designer-das service will be installed and exposed to the active color pods.
  das.deployment.color=green This denotes that the designer-das service will point to green pods.
- 3. Create ingress rules for the DAS service (assuming the ingress service is das-ingress):

```
helm upgrade --install das-ingress designer-das-100.0.106+xxxx.tgz -f designer-das-values.yaml --set das.deployment.strategy=blue-green-ingress
```

The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above command das.deployment.strategy=blue-green-ingress - This denotes that the helm install will create ingress rules for the DAS service.

## **Important**

Step 3 is required only when ingress is to be created to expose DAS outside the cluster.

#### **NodePort Service**

The designer-das-green release creates a service called designer-das-green and the designer-das-blue release creates a service called designer-das-blue. If you are using NodePort services, ensure that the value of designer.service.nodePort is not the same for both the releases. In other words, you should assign dedicated node ports for the releases. The default value for designer.service.nodePort is **30280**. If this was applied to designer-das-green, use a different value for designer-das-blue, for example, **30281**. Use the below helm command to achieve this: helm upgrade --install designer-das designer-das-100.0.106+xxx.tgz -f designer-das-values.yaml --set das.deployment.strategy=blue-green-service --set das.deployment.color=green --set das.service.nodePort=30281

## 8.9 Canary

Canary is optional and is only used along with Blue-Green. It is recommended in production. Canary pods are generally used to test new versions of images with live traffic. If you are not opting for Canary, skip the steps in this section.

#### Canary deployment

1. Identify the current production color by checking the designer-das service selector labels (kubectl describe service designer-das). Green is the production color in the below example as the selector label is color=green.

# kubectl describe service designer-das Selector: color=green

2. To deploy canary pods, the das.deployment.strategy value must be set to canary in the designer-das-values.yaml file or using the -- set flag as shown in the command below: helm upgrade --install designer-das-canary -f das-values.yaml designer-das-100.0.106+xxxx.tgz --set das.deployment.strategy=canary --set das.image.tag= 9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set das.deployment.color=green
 The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command: das.deployment.strategy=canary - This denotes that the Helm install will create canary pods. das.deployment.color=green - This denotes that the current production (active) color is green.

## **Important**

To make sure Canary pods receive live traffic, they have to be exposed to the designer-das service by setting das.deployment.color=, which is obtained from step 1.

3. Once canary pods are up and running, ensure that the designer-das service points to the canary pods using the kubectl describe svc designer-das command.

```
Endpoints: 10.206.0.101:8081,10.206.0.162:8081,10.206.0.90:8081
```

The IP address present in the Endpoints must match the IP address of the canary pod. The canary pod's IP address is obtained using the kubectl describe pod command.

IP: 10.206.0.90

IPs:

IP: 10.206.0.90

#### Cleaning up

After completing canary testing, the canary pods must be cleaned up.

The das.deployment.replicaCount must be made zero and the release is upgraded. It can be changed in the **designer-das-values.yaml** file or through the --set flag as follows:

helm upgrade --install designer-das-canary -f das-values.yaml designer-das-100.0.106+xxxx.tgz --set das.deployment.strategy=canary --set das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set das.deployment.color=blue --set das.deployment.replicaCount=0

#### Upgrade

1. Identify the current production color by checking the designer-das service selector labels (kubectl describe service designer-das). Green is the production color in the below example as the selector label is color=green.

## kubectl describe service designer-das Selector: color=green

2. Deploy the DAS service on to the non-production color. For the above example, blue is the non-production color and assuming the service name is designer-das-blue):

helm upgrade --install designer-das-blue -f das-values.yaml designer-

das-100.0.106+xxxx.tgz --set das.deployment.strategy=blue-green --set das.image.tag= 9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set das.deployment.color=blue

The values yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command:

das.deployment.strategy=blue-green - This denotes that the DAS service is installed using the blue-green strategy.

das.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - This denotes the new DAS version to be installed, for example, 9.0.111.05.5.

das.deployment.color=blue - This denotes that the blue color service is installed.

The non-production color can be accessed with the non-production service name.

#### Cutover

Once testing is completed on the non-production color, traffic can be moved to the new version by updating the designer-das service.

- Update the designer-das service with the new deployment color by executing the below command. In this example, blue is the new deployment color (non-production color). helm upgrade --install designer-das-service -f designer-das-values.yaml designerdas-100.0.106+xxxx.tgz --set das.deployment.strategy=blue-green-service --set das.deployment.color=blue
- 2. Verify the service by executing the kubectl describe service designer-das command. The type

label must have the active color's label, that is, color=blue.

#### Rollback

1. If the upgrade must be rolled back, cutover has to performed again to make the service point to the old deployment (green) again. Use the below command to perform the cutover: helm upgrade --install designer-das-service -f designer-das-values.yaml designer-das-100.0.106+xxxx.tgz --set das.deployment.strategy=blue-green-service --set das.deployment.color=green
 The values.yaml overrides passed as an argument to the above Helm upgrade command: das.deployment.strategy=blue-green-service - This denotes that the Helm install will create ingress rules for the DAS service.

das.deployment.color=green - This denotes that the current production (active) color is green.

2. Verify the service by executing the kubectl describe service designer-das the command. The type label must have the active color's label, that is, color=green.

#### 8.10 Validations and checks

Here are some common validations and checks that can be performed to know if the deployment was successful.

- Check if the application pods are in running state by using the kubectl get pods command.
- Try to connect to the Designer or DAS URL as per the ingress rules from your browser. You must be able to access the Designer and DAS webpages.

## 9. Post deployment procedures

## Upgrading the Designer workspace

## Warning

- It is mandatory to upgrade the Designer workspace for all Contact Center IDs.
- Genesys strongly recommends that you first back up the current workspace before performing the upgrade. This ensures that you can rollback to a previous state, if required.

Workspace resources must be upgraded after cutover. This will upgrade the system resources in the Designer workspace:

1. Login to one of the Designer pods using the kubectl exec -it bash command.

2. Execute the following migration command (this will create new directories/new files introduced in the new version):

```
node ./bin/cli.js workspace-upgrade -m -t
```

3. Execute the workspace resource upgrade command (this will upgrade system resources, such as system service PHP files, internal audio files and callback resources):

node ./bin/cli.js workspace-upgrade -t

In the above command, contact\_center\_id , is the Contact Center ID created in GWS for this tenant (workspace resources are located under the Contact Center ID folder (/workspaces//workspace)).

## **Important**

The above steps will also be used for further upgrades.

## Updating the flowsettings file

Post deployment, the **flowsettings.json** file can be modified through a Helm install as follows:

- Extract the Designer Helm Chart and find the flowsettings.yaml file under the Designer Chart > Config folder.
- 2. Modify the necessary settings (refer to the *Post deployment configuration settings reference table* for the different settings and their allowed values).
- 3. Execute the below Helm upgrade command on the non-production color service. It can be done as part of the Designer upgrade by passing the **flowsettings.yaml** file using the --values flag. In this case, a new Designer version can be used for the upgrade. If it is only a **flowsettings.json** update, the same Designer version is used. helm upgrade --install designer-blue -f designer-values.yaml -f flowsettings.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --set designer.deployment.strategy=blue-green --set designer.image.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set designer.deployment.color=blue
- 4. Once testing is completed on the non-production service, perform the cutover step as mentioned in the Cutover section (Designer Blue-Green deployment). After cutover, the production service will contain the updated settings. The non-active color Designer must also be updated with the updated settings after the cutover.

## 10. Enabling optional features

## 10.1 Enable Designer Analytics and Audit Trail

Post Designer deployment, features such as Analytics and Audit Trail can be enabled by performing the below steps.

## **Important**

Ensure Elasticsearch is deployed before proceeding.

#### 10.1.1 Designer changes

- 1. Configure the following settings in flowsettings override (**flowsettings.yaml**) Refer to the *5.4 Post deployment configuration settings reference table* section for option descriptions.
  - · enableAnalytics: true
  - · enableESAuditLogs: true
  - esServer
  - esPort
  - esUrl
- 2. Configure the below setting in the DesignerEnv transaction list: ReportingURL in the **reporting** section.
- 3. Perform the steps in the *Updating the flowsettings file* section under 9. Post deployment procedures.

#### 10.1.2 DAS changes

1. Configure the following settings in the helm **das-values.yaml** file. Refer to the *4.2 DAS deployment settings* section for setting descriptions.

```
dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVICES_ELASTICSEARCH_ENABLED = true
dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVICES_ELASTICSEARCH_HOST
dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVICES_ELASTICSEARCH_PORT
```

- 2. Perform the steps in the *Upgrade non production color* section (see *DAS* under *8.8 Blue-Green deployment*). The same DAS version running in production can be used for the upgrade.
- 3. Perform the steps in the *Cutover* section (see *DAS* under *8.8 Blue-Green deployment*).

#### 10.2 Enable Personas

You can enable the Personas feature in Designer by following the below steps.

#### 10.2.1 Deploy personas.json

- Deploy the **personas.json** file in the workspace location, /workspace/{tenantID}/workspace/ personas/personas.json.
- Create the **personas** directory if it does not exist.

#### Given below is a sample **personas.json** file:

```
"displayPersona": "female, 30-40s, professional, calm",
"voice": [{
           "name": "samantha",
           "language": "en-US",
"ttsname": "Samantha",
"ttsengine": "NuanceTTS",
"displayName": "Samantha"
     }, {
    "name": "karen",
    "->". "en-
           "language": "en-AU",
"ttsname": "Karen",
           "ttsengine": "NuanceTTS",
"displayName": "Karen"
     }, {
            "name": "amelie",
           "language": "fr-CA",
"ttsname": "Amelie",
           "ttsengine": "NuanceTTS",
"displayName": "Amelie"
            "name": "paulina",
           "language": "es-MX",
"ttsname": "Paulina",
           "ttsengine": "NuanceTTS",
"displayName": "Paulina"
     }
"digital": {},
"email": {},
"chat": {},
"web": {}
"id": "2",
"name": "Tom",
"gender": "male",
"tags": ["male", "middle-age"],
"displayPersona": "male, 30-40s, polite, professional",
"language": "en-US",
"ttsname": "Tom",
           "ttsengine": "NuanceTTS",
           "displayName": "Tom"
     }, {
    "name": "lee",
    "aca": "e
           "language": "en-AU",
"ttsname": "Lee",
            "ttsengine": "NuanceTTS",
           "displayName": "Lee"
     }, {
    "name": "felix",
    "". "fr-
           "language": "fr-CA",
           "ttsname": "Felix",
           "ttsengine": "NuanceTTS",
"displayName": "Felix"
     }, {
    "name": "javier",
    "' "es-M
           "language": "es-MX", "ttsname": "Javier",
            "ttsengine": "NuanceTTS",
           "displayName": "Javier"
     }
```

```
"digital": {},
"email": {},
"chat": {},
"web": {}
"id": "3"
"name": "Gabriela",
"gender": "female",
"tags": ["female", "young", "engaging"],
"displayPersona": "female, 20-30s, engaging",
"voice": [{
           "name": "gabriela",
           "language": "en-US",
"ttsname": "en-US-Standard-E",
            "ttsengine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "Gabriela"
     }, {
    "name": "sheila",
    ""age": "en-A
           "language": "en-AU",
"ttsname": "en-AU-Standard-A",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS",
"displayName": "Sheila"
     "language": "fr-CA",
"ttsname": "fr-CA-Standard-A",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS"
           "displayName": "Lili"
     }
"digital": {},
"email": {},
"chat": {},
"web": {}
"id": "4",
"name": "Michael",
"gender": "male",
"tags": ["male", "young"],
"displayPersona": "male, 20-30s, curious, geeky",
"language": "en-US",
"ttsname": "en-US-Standard-B",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "Michael"
     }, {
    "name": "royce",
    "aga": "en-
           "language": "en-AU",
"ttsname": "en-AU-Standard-B",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "Royce"
     }, {
    "name": "alexandre",
    "language": "fr-CA",
    "ttsname": "fr-CA-Standard-B",
    "'fsapaine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "Alexandre"
],
```

```
"digital": {},
"email": {},
"chat": {},
"web": {}
"id": "5",
"name": "Diane"
"gender": "female",
"tags": ["female", "mature"],
"displayPersona": "female, 40-50s, soothing, silky",
"voice": [{
           "name": "diane",
           "language": "en-US",
"ttsname": "en-US-Standard-C",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "Diane"
     }, {
    "name": "muriel",
    "' "an-A
           "language": "en-AU",
           "ttsname": "en-AU-Standard-C",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS",
"displayName": "Muriel"
     }, {
    "name": "chloe",
    "->". "fr-
           "language": "fr-CA",
"ttsname": "fr-CA-Standard-C",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "Chloe"
     }
],
"digital": {},
"email": {},
"chat": {},
"web": {}
"id": "6",
"name": "David"
"gender": "male",
"tags": ["male", "mature"],
"displayPersona": "male, 40-50s, professional, confident",
"voice": [{
           "name": "david",
          "language": "en-US",
"ttsname": "en-US-Standard-D",
"ttsengine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "David"
     "language": "en-AU",
"ttsname": "en-AU-Standard-D",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "Austin"
     "language": "fr-CA",
"ttsname": "fr-CA-Standard-D",
           "ttsengine": "GTTS",
           "displayName": "Pierre"
],
"digital": {},
```

#### 10.2.2 Update Designer flowsettings.json

• Enable the persona feature flag in the **flowsettings.json** override file.

```
"features": {
    "persona": true
```

#### Update application settings

Perform the following steps to enable the persona in the required Designer application:

- 1. Open the required Designer application and navigate to the **Settings** tab.
- 2. In Application Settings, select the Enable Persona checkbox in the Persona tab.
- 3. Re-publish the application and create a new build.

## 11. Cleanup

#### 11.1 Elasticsearch maintenance recommendations

To help you better manage your indexes and snapshots, and to prevent too many indexes from creating an overflow of shards, Genesys recommends that you set up a scheduled execution of Elasticsearch Curator with the following two actions:

- Delete indexes older than the given threshold according to the index name and mask.
  - sdr-\* (3 months)
  - audit-\* (12 months)
- Make a snapshot of each index:
  - sdr-\* (yesterday and older)
  - audit-\*
  - kibana-int-\*

## 12. Limitations

Designer currently supports multi-tenancy provided by the tenant Configuration Server. That is, each tenant should have a dedicated Configuration Server, and Designer can be shared across the multiple tenants.

# Deploy Designer (versions v9010005 and above)

### Contents

- 11. About this document
  - 1.1 1.1 Intended audience
  - 1.2 1.2 Before you begin
- 2 2. Product overview
  - 2.1 2.1 Designer
  - 2.2 2.2 Designer Application Server (DAS)
  - 2.3 2.3 Deployment architecture
  - 2.4 2.4 High Availability (HA) and Scalability
- 3 3. Prerequisites
  - 3.1 3.1 Mandatory prerequisites
  - 3.2 3.2 Optional prerequisites
- 4 4. Deployment configuration settings (Helm values)
  - 4.1 4.1 Designer deployment settings
  - 4.2 4.2 DAS deployment settings
- 5 5. Post deployment Designer settings
  - 5.1 5.1 Flow settings
  - 5.2 5.2 Tenant settings
  - 5.3 5.3 DesignerEnv transaction list
  - 5.4 5.4 Configuration settings reference table
  - 5.5 5.5 Features
- 6 6. Logging
  - 6.1 6.1 Log levels
- 7 7. Platform / Configuration Server and GWS settings
  - 7.1 7.1 Create Roles for Designer
  - 7.2 7.2 Create the DesignerEnv transaction list
  - 7.3 7.3 Platform Settings

- 7.4 7.4 GWS Configuration
- 8 8. Deployment
  - 8.1 8.1 Preparation
  - 8.2 8.2 Blue-Green deployment
  - 8.3 8.3 Rolling upgrade
  - 8.4 8.4 Uninstall
- 9 9. Enabling optional features
  - 9.1 9.1 Enable Designer Analytics and Audit Trail
- 10 10. Cleanup
  - 10.1 10.1 Elasticsearch maintenance recommendations
- 11 11. Limitations

Learn how to deploy Designer as a service in a Kubernetes cluster (for **DesDepMnfst v9010005** and above).

### 1. About this document

This document guides you through the process of deploying and configuring Designer and Designer Application Server (DAS) as a service in a Kubernetes (K8s) cluster.

Information on the following topics is provided:

- · Overview of Designer and DAS
- · Configuration details
- · Deployment process
- · Enabling optional features
- Cleanup
- Known limitations

### 1.1 Intended audience

This document is intended for use primarily by system engineers and other members of an implementation team who will be involved in configuring and installing Designer and DAS, and system administrators who will maintain Designer and DAS installations.

To successfully deploy and implement applications in Designer and DAS, you must have a basic understanding of and familiarity with:

- Network design and operation
- Network configurations in your organization
- Kubernetes
- Genesys Framework architecture and functions

### 1.2 Before you begin

- 1. A Kubernetes cluster must be deployed. Refer to the Kubernetes documentation site for installation instructions.
- 2. Install Helm according to the instructions outlined in the Helm documentation site.

After you complete the above mandatory procedures, return to this document to complete an onpremise deployment of Designer and DAS as a service in a K8s cluster.

# 2. Product overview

The following sections provide a brief overview of Designer and DAS.

### 2.1 Designer

The Designer service provides a web UI to build and manage VXML and SCXML based self-service and assisted service applications for a number of media types. It stores data on the local file system and is synchronized across instances by using services like Network File System (NFS). Genesys customers can build applications using a simple drag and drop method, and assign contact points (Route Points and other media endpoints) to applications directly from the Designer UI. Insights into runtime behavior of applications and troubleshooting aid is provided by Designer Analytics, which includes a rich set of dashboards based on session detail records (SDR) from data stored in Elasticsearch.

Designer offers the following features:

- Applications for working with phone, chat, email, SMS (text messages), Facebook, Twitter, and open media types.
- Bots, ASR, TTS capabilities for self-service.
- · Assisted service or routing.
- · Callback.
- · Business Controls.
- · Audio, message management.
- · Grammars management.
- Contact points management route points, chat end points, email pop-client/mailboxes.
- · Analytics dashboards through embedded Kibana.

Designer is an Express/Node.js application. The UI is designed using Angular powered Bootstrap. Application data (SCXML and VXML) is stored as a file system. Designer Analytics and Audit data is stored in Elasticsearch.

### 2.2 Designer Application Server (DAS)

Designer Application Server (DAS) hosts and serves the Designer generated application files (SCXML and VXML), audio, and grammars. It also provides:

- Runtime evaluation of Business Controls (business hours, special days, emergency flags and data tables).
- · Callback interface to GES.
- · Interface to External APIs.

DAS uses built-in NGINX to front requests. It consists of 3 modules: NGINX, PHP, and Node.is.

· Requests for static workspace content (SCXML, VXML, JS, audio, grammar, etc) are handled by the

NGINX module.

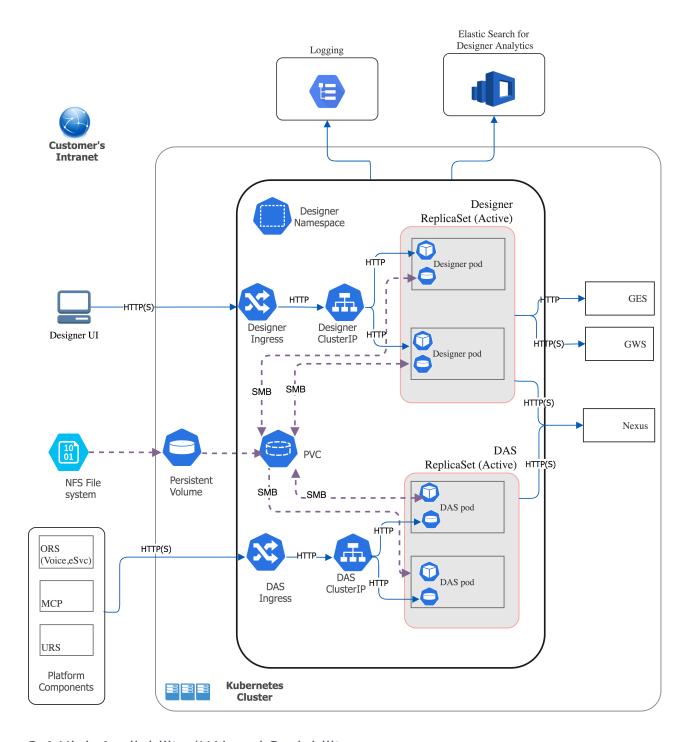
- Requests for PHP content are processed by the FastCGI PHP module.
- SDR (Analytics) processing requests are handled by the DAS Node.js module.

# **Important**

Files generated by Designer can be served only by DAS. Designer will work only with DAS.

# 2.3 Deployment architecture

The below architecture diagram illustrates a sample premise deployment of Designer and DAS:



# 2.4 High Availability (HA) and Scalability

Designer and DAS must be deployed as highly available in order to avoid single points of failure. A minimum of 2 replicas of each service must be deployed to achieve HA.

The Designer and DAS service pods can be automatically scaled up or down based on metrics such as CPU and memory utilization. The *Deployment configuration settings* section explains how to

configure HA and auto-scaling.

Refer to the Genesys Docker Deployment Guide for more information on general HA recommendation for Kubernetes.

# 3. Prerequisites

Before deploying Designer, ensure the following resources are deployed, configured, and accessible:

### 3.1 Mandatory prerequisites

- Kubernetes 1.12+
- Helm 3.0
- · Docker Registry
  - Setup a local docker registry to store Designer and DAS docker images.
- · Ingress Controller
  - If Designer and DAS are accessed from outside of a K8s cluster, it is recommended to deploy/ configure an ingress controller (for example, NGINX), if not already available. Also, the Blue-Green deployment strategy works based on the ingress rules.
  - The Designer UI requires Session Stickiness. Configure session stickiness in the annotations parameter in the **values.yaml** file during Designer installation.
- Persistent Volumes (PVs)
  - Create persistent volumes for workspace storage (5 GB minimum) and logs (5 GB minimum)
  - Set the access mode for these volumes to ReadWriteMany.
  - The Designer manifest package includes a sample YAML file to create Persistent Volumes required for Designer and DAS.
  - Persistent volumes must be shared across multiple K8s nodes. Genesys recommends using NFS to create Persistent Volumes.
- Shared file System NFS
  - For production, deploy the NFS server as highly available (HA) to avoid single points of failure. It is also recommended that the NFS storage be deployed as a Disaster Recovery (DR) topology to achieve continuous availability if one region fails.
  - By Default, Designer and DAS containers run as a Genesys user (uid:gid 500:500). For this reason, the shared volume must have permissions that will allow write access to uid:gid 500:500. The optimal method is to change the NFS server host path to the Genesys user: chown -R genesys:genesys.
  - The Designer manifest package includes a sample YAML file to create an NFS server. Use this only for a demo/lab setup purpose.
- Genesys Web Services (GWS) 9.x
  - Configure GWS to work with a compatible version of Configuration Server.

- Other Genesys Components
  - ORS ORS 8.1.400.x
  - Nexus 9.x
  - URS 8.1.400.x

### 3.2 Optional prerequisites

- Elasticsearch 7.8.0
  - Elasticsearch is used for Designer Analytics and audit trail.
- Redis 3.2.x
  - Redis is used for resource index caching and multi-user collaboration locks on Designer resources.

# 4. Deployment configuration settings (Helm values)

This section provides information on the various settings that have to be configured in Designer and DAS. The configuration settings listed below will be used during the deployment of Designer and DAS. That is, these settings will be used during initial deployment / upgrade. These settings can be configured in the **values.yaml** Helm file.

### 4.1 Designer deployment settings

The following table provides information on the Designer deployment settings. These settings are configured in the **designer-values.yaml** file.

Parameter	Description	Mandatory?	Default Value
deployment.replicaCour	Number of services to be created.	Mandatory	2
deployment.maxReplicas	Maximum number of replicas created. It is recommended to configure this setting if auto-scaling is used.	Optional	10
	The strategy to select which type of resources to deploy. Valid values are: default, service, volume, ingress.		
deployment.strategy	<ul> <li>volume - for blue/ green upgrade, this is to create a Persistent Volume Claim (PVC) for the first time.</li> </ul>	Mandatory	service

	<ul> <li>ingress - for the blue/green upgrade, this is to create an ingress for the first time and update the ingress during service cutover.</li> <li>service - for upgrading the blue/green Designer service.</li> <li>default - for performing a rolling upgrade</li> </ul>		
deployment.green	This is to deploy/ upgrade the Designer service in a blue-green upgrade strategy. Valid values are: blue, green.	Optional	green
desImage.repository	Docker repository for the Designer image.	Mandatory	pureengage-docker- staging.jfrog.io/ designer/designer
desImage.tag	Designer image version.	Mandatory	9.0.109.08.20
desImage.pullPolicy	Designer image pull policy (imagePullPolicy). Valid values: Always, IfNotPresent, Never.  • Always - always pull the image.  • IfNotPresent - pull the image only if it does not already exist on the node.  • Never - never pull the image.	Mandatory	IfNotPresent
volumes.workspaceMount	The path where the workspace volume is to be mounted inside the Designer container.	Mandatory	/designer/workspace (Changing this value is not recommended.)
volumes.workspaceClain	Persistent volume claim name for the workspace.	Mandatory	designer-managed-disk
volumes.workspaceClain	Size of the persistent Sizeme claim for the workspace.	Mandatory	5Gi

	The persistent volume must be equal to or greater than this size.		
volumes.workspaceStora	storageClassName provided in the persistent volume that is created for the Designer workspace (example, <i>nfs</i> ).	Mandatory	manual
volumes.logMountPath	The path where the Designer logs volume is to be mounted inside the Designer container.	Mandatory	/designer/logs
volumes.logClaim	Persistent volume claim name for logs.	Mandatory	designer-logs
volumes.logClaimSize	Size of the persistent volume claim for the Designer logs.  The persistent volume must be equal to or greater than this size.	Mandatory	5Gi
volumes.logStorageClas	storageClassName provided in the persistent volume that is created for the Designer logs (example, nfs).	Mandatory	manual
healthApi.path	Designer Health Check API path.	Mandatory	/health (Changing this value is not recommended.)
healthApi.containerPor	tContainer running port.	Mandatory	8888 (Changing this value is not recommended.)
healthApi.startupDelay	Health check will be started after a delay as specified in this setting.	Mandatory	20
healthApi.checkInterva	The interval between aleach health check request.	Mandatory	5
healthApi.failureCount	Number of health check failures to be considered before marking the container as instable or restart.	Mandatory	5
designerEnv.enabled	This enables providing environment variables as an input to Designer pods.	Mandatory	true (Changing this value is not recommended.)

It uses ConfigMap to store the environment variables.
designerEnv.envs.DES_PORmatainer (port in flowsettings.json).  DAS hostname designerEnv.envs.DES_ARlapplicationHost in flowsettings.json).  DAS port designerEnv.envs.DES_ARlapplicationPort in flowsettings.json).  This is normally not changed. It is the relative path to the workspace on DAS. designerEnv.envs.DES_DEPLOY_URL The default value /workspaces should be always be used (deployURL in flowsettings.json).  Set to true so Designer works with GWS. If set to false. Designer designerEnv.envs.DES_Use defaults to a local mode and may be used  Mandatory das designerEnv.envs.DES_Use defaults to a local mode and may be used  Mandatory (Changing this value is not recommended)
designerEnv.envs.DES_AP(applicationHost in flowsettings.json).  DAS port  designerEnv.envs.DES_AP(applicationPort in flowsettings.json).  This is normally not changed. It is the relative path to the workspace on DAS.  designerEnv.envs.DES_DEPLOY_URL The default value /workspaces should be always be used (deployURL in flowsettings.json).  Set to true so Designer works with GWS. If set to false. Designer defaults to a local mode and may be used  Mandatory  /workspaces  /workspaces
designerEnv.envs.DES_AP(applicationPort in flowsettings.json).  This is normally not changed. It is the relative path to the workspace on DAS.  designerEnv.envs.DES_DEPLOY_URL The default value /workspaces should be always be used (deployURL in flowsettings.json).  Set to true so Designer works with GWS. If set to false. Designer defaults to a local mode and may be used  Mandatory  Mandatory  Mandatory  (Changing this value is not recommended)
changed. It is the relative path to the workspace on DAS.  designerEnv.envs.DES_DEPLOY_URL The default value /workspaces should be always be used (deployURL in flowsettings.json).  Set to true so Designer works with GWS. If set to false. Designer defaults to a local mode and may be used  Mandatory  (Changing this value is not recommended)
works with GWS. If set to false. Designer true designerEnv.envs.DES_USE_HITC and may be used Mandatory (Changing this value is not recommended)
unavailable (usehtcc in flowsettings.json).
GWS server host (htccserver in designerEnv.envs.DES_HTMLGwSERWMGs.json), for example, gws.genhtcc.com.  GWS server host (htccserver in designerEnv.envs.DES_HTMLGwSERWMGs.json), for example, gws.genhtcc.com.
GWS server port  (htccport in flowsettings.json), for example, 80.  Mandatory 80
To enable or disable  designerEnv.envs.DES_ENGSignerAnalytics (enableAnalytics in flowsettings.json).  To enable or disable  Optional false
Elasticsearch URL (for example, http://es-brivice:9200), esUrl in flowsettings.json.  Elasticsearch URL (for example, http://es-brivice:9200), esUrl in flowsettings.json.
designerEnv.envs.DES_ES_ERVER in flowsettings.json.  Elasticsearch Server HostName (for example, es-service), esServer in flowsettings.json.  Optional es-spot.usw1.genhtcc.com
designerEnv.envs.DES_ES_Elasticsearch port (for example, 9200), esPort Optional 80

Enable file logging. If not epabled. Designes below. Enables providing the GWS client ID / secret as an input to Designer pods.  It uses Kubermetes Secrets to store the GWS client if it designerSecrets.enable (GWS client if it designerSecrets.GWS_Client ID, create a new GWS client if it designerSecrets.GWS_Client ID, create a new GWS client if it glass the settings section.  GWS Client ID, create a new GWS client if it designerSecrets.GWS_Client if it designerSecret in the cluster if or NodePort ClusterIP or NodePort Designer service port to be exposed in the cluster.  Service.port Designer service port to be exposed in case service.Tepelogable ingress. Designer application port running inside the container.  Port to be exposed in case service.Tepelogable ingress. Ingress should be enabled for all cases exervice.Tepelogable ingress. Ingress should be enabled for all cases exerced a labidemo setup.  Ingress.paths Ingress path Mandatory sadev1.genhtcc.com the Designer service. Optional II  CRIMINGSCREATE DESIGNERS. Optional II  Mandatory sadev1.genhtcc.com the Designer service.		in flowsettings.json.		
the GWS client ID / secret as an input to Designer pods.  It uses kubemetes Secrets to store the GWS client credentials.  GWS Client ID, create a new GWS client if it plantor settings section.  GWS Client ID, create a new GWS client if it plantor settings section.  ZXh0ZXJuYWXrYXBpX2NsaW designer-secret section.  ZXh0ZXJuYWXrYXBp	designerEnv.envs.DES_F	Enable file logging. If not enabled, Designer will-output only verbose	Mandatory	false
new GWS client if it doesn't exist, steps are explained in the platform settings section.  ZXh0ZXJuYWxfYXBpX2NsaW designerSecrets.GWS_ClieWS_cdient secret  Mandatory  Service.type  Service type (either ClusterIP or NodePort or LoadBalancer).  Designer service port to be exposed in the cluster.  Designer application port running inside the container.  Port to be exposed in case service.type=NodePort.  Enable/Disable ingress. Ingress should be enabled for all cases except a lab/demo setup.  ingress.paths  Ingress path  Mostnames to be configured in ingress for the Container.  Mandatory  Mandatory  Mandatory  Mandatory  True  Sample value: 30180  True  Mandatory  Ma	designerSecrets.enable	the GWS client ID / secret as an input to Designer pods.  It uses Kubernetes Secrets to store the GWS client		true
designerSecrets.GWS_ClieW_Sedient secret  Mandatory  Service.type  Service type (either ClusterIP or NodePort or LoadBalancer).  Designer service port to be exposed in the cluster.  Designer application port running inside the container.  Port to be exposed in case service.type=NodePort.  Enable/Disable ingress. Ingress should be enabled for all cases except a lab/demo setup.  ingress.hosts  Ingress path  Ingress path  Mandatory  Mandatory  ClusterIP  ClusterIP  ClusterIP  Mandatory  8888  ClusterIP  Mandatory  8888  Optional  Sample value: 30180  Functional service and an	designerSecrets.GWS_C	new GWS client if it doesn't exist, steps are lient in explained in the platform settings	Mandatory	designer-secret
Service.type  ClusterIP or NodePort or LoadBalancer).  Designer service port to be exposed in the cluster.  Designer application port running inside the container.  Port to be exposed in case service.type=NodePort.  Enable/Disable ingress. Ingress should be enabled for all cases except a lab/demo setup.  Ingress.hosts  TLS configured in ingress.  TLS config for ingress.  Mandatory  Mandatory  ClusterIP  Mandatory  Mandatory  8888  ClusterIP  Mandatory  8888  Sample value : 30180  Sample value : 30180  Sample value : 30180  Frue  Mandatory  Mandatory  [/]  Mandatory  Ingress.hosts  Mandatory  Ingress.hosts  Mandatory  Sample value : 30180  Sample value : 40180  Sample value : 40180  Sample value : 40180  Sample value	designerSecrets.GWS_C	li <b>ଣ୍ୟୁ୍ୟ</b> େଷi <b>e</b> nt secret	Mandatory	(This value is valid only for lab
be exposed in the cluster.  Designer application port running inside the container.  Port to be exposed in case service.type=NodePort.  Enable/Disable ingress. Ingress should be enabled for all cases except a lab/demo setup.  ingress.hosts  Ingress path  Hostnames to be configured in ingress for the Designer service.  TLS config for ingress.  Mandatory  Mandatory  []  Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.  Mandatory	service.type	ClusterIP or NodePort	Mandatory	ClusterIP
port running inside the container.  Port to be exposed in case service.type=NodePort.  Enable/Disable ingress. Ingress should be enabled for all cases except a lab/demo setup.  ingress.paths Ingress path Mandatory [/]  ingress.hosts Configured in ingress for the Designer service.  TLS config for ingress.  Mandatory [/]  Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.  Mandatory 600m  Mandatory 510m  Mandatory 600m  Mandatory 600m	service.port	be exposed in the	Mandatory	8888
service.nodePort case service.type=NodePort.  Enable/Disable ingress. Ingress should be enabled for all cases except a lab/demo setup.  Ingress.paths Ingress path Mandatory [/]  Hostnames to be configured in ingress for the Designer service.  Ingress.tls TLS config for ingress.  Mandatory []  Mandatory []  Mandatory ssdev1.genhtcc.com  []  Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.  Mandatory []	service.targetPort	port running inside the	Mandatory	8888
Ingress should be enabled for all cases except a lab/demo setup.  Ingress.paths Ingress path Mandatory [/]  Hostnames to be configured in ingress for the Designer service.  Ingress.tls TLS config for ingress. Optional []  Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.	service.nodePort	case	Optional	Sample value : 30180
ingress.hosts  Hostnames to be configured in ingress for the Designer service.  Ingress.tls  TLS config for ingress.  Optional  Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.  Mandatory  Mandatory  600m	ingress.enabled	Ingress should be enabled for all cases except a lab/demo	Mandatory	true
ingress.hosts configured in ingress for the Designer service.  Ingress.tls TLS config for ingress. Optional []  Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.  Mandatory ssdev1.genhtcc.com  Mandatory 600m	ingress.paths	Ingress path	Mandatory	[/]
resources.limits.cpu  Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.  Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.	ingress.hosts	configured in ingress for	Mandatory	ssdev1.genhtcc.com
resources.limits.cpu CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container. Mandatory 600m	ingress.tls	TLS config for ingress.	Optional	[]
resources.limits.memoryMaximum amount of Mandatory 1Gi	resources.limits.cpu	CPU processing power that K8s allocates for	Mandatory	600m
	resources.limits.memor	yMaximum amount of	Mandatory	1Gi

	memory K8s allocates for the container.		
resources.requests.cpu	Guaranteed CPU allocation for the container.	Mandatory	500m
resources.requests.mem	Guaranteed memory only ocation for the container.	Mandatory	512Mi
	Controls which user ID the containers are run with. This can be configured to run Designer as a non-root user.  Currently, only a <b>Genesys</b> user is supported by the Designer base image.		
securityContext.runAsU	\$500 is the ID of the Genesys user and it cannot be modified.	Optional	500
	The file system must reside within the Genesys user account in order to run Designer as a Genesys user. Change the NFS server host path to the Genesys user:  chown -R genesys:genesys		
securityContext.runAsG	Controls which primary group ID the containers are run with. This can be configured to run Designer as a non-root roup. Currently, only a <b>Genesys</b> user group (GID - 500) is supported by the Designer base image.	Optional	500
nodeSelector	To allow pods to be scheduled on the nodes based labels assigned to the nodes.	Optional	Default value: nodeSelector: {} Sample value: nodeSelector: :
affinity	The K8s standard node affinity and anti-affinity configurations can be added here. Refer to this K8s document for sample values.	Optional	{}
tolerations	Tolerations works with taints to ensure that	Optional	[]

	pods are not scheduled onto inappropriate nodes. Refer to this K8s document for sample values.		
hpa.enabled	Enables K8s Horizontal Pod Autoscaler (HPA). It automatically scales the number of pods based on average CPU utilization and average memory utilization.  More information about HPA is available here.	Optional	false
hpa.targetCPUPercent	The K8s HPA controller will scale up/down pods based on the target CPU utilization percentage specified. It scales up/down pods between the range deployment.replicaCourto deployment.maxReplicas		70
hpa.targetMemoryPercen	The K8s HPA controller will scale up/down pods based on the target memory utilization percentage specified. It scales up/down pods between the range deployment.replicaCour to deployment.maxReplicas		70
annotations	Enables Kubernetes Annotations. Refer to this document for more information on K8s Annotations.  The Designer UI requires Session Stickiness if the replica count is more than 1. Configure session stickiness based on the ingress controller type. Ingress configuration like session stickiness can be configured here.	Optional	{}
labels	Any custom labels can be configured. It is a key and value, for example, key:value.	Optional	tenant: shared

# 4.2 DAS deployment settings

The following table provides information on the DAS deployment settings. These settings are configured in the **das-values.yaml** file.

Parameter	Description	Mandatory?	Default Value	
deployment.replicaCoun	tNumber of services to be created.	Mandatory	2	
deployment.maxReplicas	Maximum number of replicas created. It is recommended to configure this setting if auto-scaling is used.	Optional	10	
deployment.strategy	The strategy to select which type of resources to deploy. Valid values are: default, service, volume, ingress.  • ingress - for the blue/green upgrade, this is to create an ingress for the first time and update the ingress during service cutover.  • service - for upgrading the blue/green DAS service.  • default - for performing a rolling upgrade.	Mandatory	service	
deployment.green	This is to deploy/ upgrade the DAS service in a blue-green upgrade strategy. Valid values are: blue, green.	Optional	green	
dasImage.repository	Docker repository for the DAS image.	Mandatory	pureengage-docker- staging.jfrog.io/ designer/das	
dasImage.tag	DAS image version.	Mandatory	9.0.111.05.5	
dasVolumes.workapceMou	DAS workspace path inside the container.	Mandatory	/das/www/workspaces	
dasVolumes.workspaceCl	Persistent volume claim name for the workspace all (must be the same as Designer's claim name).	Mandatory	designer-managed-disk	
dasVolumes.logMountPat	hDAS log path inside the	Mandatory	/das/log	

	container.			
dasVolumes.logClaim	Persistent volume claim name for logs (must be the same as Designer's claim name).	Mandatory	designer-logs	
dasHealthApi.path	DAS Health Check API path.	Mandatory	/health	
dasHealthApi.container	Poonttainer running port.	Mandatory	8081	
dasHealthApi.startupDe	Health check will be lstyrted after a delay as specified in this setting.	Mandatory	10	
dasHealthApi.checkInte	The interval between readh health check request.	Mandatory	5	
dasHealthApi.failureCo	Number of health check failures to consider whetore marking the container as instable or restart.	Mandatory	5	
dasService.type	Service port (either ClusterIP or NodePort or LoadBalancer).	Mandatory	ClusterIP	
dasService.port	DAS service to be exposed in the cluster.	Mandatory	8081	
dasService.targetPort	DAS application port running inside the container.	Mandatory	8081	
dasService.nodePort	Port to be exposed in case service.type=NodePort.	Optional	Sample value : 30280	
dasEnv.enabled	This enables providing environment variables as an input to DAS pods.  It uses ConfigMap to store the environment variables.	Mandatory	true	
dasEnv.envs.DAS_FILE_L	Enable file logging. DAS Supports only stdout logging, this must always be false.	Mandatory	false	
dasEnv.envs.DAS_LOG_LE	Enables log levels. Valid Values are: FATAL, ERROR, WARN, INFO, DEBUG, TRACE.	Optional	DEBUG	
dasEnv.envs.DAS_STDOUT	- Enables standard output -console l <del>o</del> gging.	Mandatory	true	
dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVIC	To enable or disable Designer Analytics: This Config is required for DAS to initialize ES	EllOptional	false	

	templates.		
dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVI	Elasticsearch Server Host Name with http://sr prefix (for example, http://es-service)	Optional	http://designer-es-client- service
dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVIO	Elasticsearch port (for example, 80)	Optional	9200
dasresources.limits.cp	Maximum amount of CPU processing power that K8s allocates for the container.	Mandatory	600m
dasresources.limits.me	Maximum amount of emmeymory K8s allocates for the container.	Mandatory	1Gi
das resources. requests	Guaranteed CPU allocation for container.	Mandatory	400m
das resources. requests	Guaranteed Memory mællroxation for the container.	Mandatory	512Mi
securityContext.runAsl	Controls which user ID the containers are run with. This can be configured to run DAS as a non-root user.  Janiferently, only a Genesys user is supported by the DAS base image.  500 is the ID of the Genesys user and it cannot be modified.	Optional	500
securityContext.runAs0	Controls which primary group ID the containers are run with. This can be configured to run GrDA6 as a non-root user. Currently, only a Genesys user group (GID - 500) is supported by the DAS base image.	Optional	500
nodeSelector	To allow pods to be scheduled on the nodes-based labels assigned to the nodes.	Optional	Default value: nodeSelector: {} Sample value: nodeSelector: :
affinity	The K8s standard node affinity and anti-affinity configurations can be added here. Refer to	Optional	{}

	this K8s document for sample values.		
tolerations	Tolerations works with taints to ensure that pods are not scheduled onto inappropriate nodes. Refer to this K8s document for sample values.	Optional	[]
hpa.enabled	Enables K8s Horizontal Pod Autoscaler (HPA). It automatically scales the number of pods based on average CPU utilization and average memory utilization.  More information about HPA is available here.	Optional	false
hpa.targetCPUPercent	The K8s HPA controller will scale up/down pods based on the target CPU utilization percentage specified. It scales up/down pods between the range deployment.replicaCourto deployment.maxReplicas		75
hpa.targetMemoryPercer	The K8s HPA controller will scale up/down pods based on the target memory utilization percentage specified. It scales up/down pods between the range deployment.replicaCourto deployment.maxReplicas		70
annotations	Enables Kubernetes Annotations. Refer to this document for more information on K8s Annotations.	Optional	{}
labels	Any custom labels can be configured. It is a key and value, for example, key:value.	Optional	tenant: shared

# 5. Post deployment Designer settings

Post deployment, Designer configuration is managed from the following 3 locations:

### 5.1 Flow settings

Flow Settings is used for controlling global Designer settings that are applicable to all tenants and it contains bootstrap configuration settings such as port, GWS info, and DAS URL.

Configuration path - /workspace/designer/flowsettings.json.

This will be configured using the helm install. The *Flowsettings.json update* section (8.2.2 Designer deployment process) describes the steps to update the **flowsettings.json** file.

### 5.2 Tenant settings

These are tenant specific settings if the Designer service is configured with multi-tenancy.

Configuration path - workspace//config/tenantsettings.json.

The user should logout and log back in after any changes to the **tenantsettings.json** file. The Designer UI will continue to show the older features until the user logs out and logs back in.

Tenant specific settings are configured by directly editing the file in the above path.

### 5.3 DesignerEnv transaction list

The DesignerEnv transaction list is available in Configuration Server (Tenant/Transactions/DesignerEnv). This is mostly used to control the run-time settings. Any change to the DesignerEnv transaction list does not require the application to be published again or a new build for the application.

The user should log out and log back in for the changes to reflect in the Designer UI.

The DesignerEnv transaction list is configured using CME or GAX.

# 5.4 Configuration settings reference table

# Tip

As the following table extends beyond the margin of the page, use the horizontal scroll bar at the bottom of your browser window to view the complete table.

Category: Analytics							
Setting Name	flowsettings	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>ᡚjടၖig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value
enableAnaly (optional)	tics Yes	Yes			This flag enables or disables	true	false

					the analytics feature.		
esUrl (optional)	Yes	Yes			Elasticsearch URL		enhtcc.com:80
esServer (optional)	Yes	Yes			Elasticsearch Server HostName (for example, es-service)	es- spot.usw1.g	enhtcc.com
esPort (optional)	Yes	Yes			Elasticsearch port	<sup>1</sup> 80	
ReportingUF (optional)	RL		Yes	reporting	URL of Elasticsearch where Designer applications will report data.	http://es-	enhtcc.com:80
esMaxQuery (optional)	/Duration Yes	Yes			The maximum time range (in days) to query in Designer Analytics. Each day's data is stored in a separate index in Elasticsearch	90	90
sdrMaxObjC (optional)	ount Yes	Yes			The maximum count of nested type objects that will be captured in SDRs. When set to -1, which is the default value, no objects will be trimmed. All the milestones or activities	20	

			visited in runtime are expected to be captured in an SDR.		
			It controls the level of SDR detail that is recorded by the blocks array for each application. Currently, the valid values are:		
			• 100 — Debug level and up. Currently there are no Debug message		
SdrTraceLevel <sub>Yes</sub> (optional)	Yes		• 200 — Standard level and up. This setting will show all blocks that are entered during a call in the blocks array.	300	300
			• 300 — Importan level and up.	t	

					This setting filters out all blocks from the blocks array, except those containin data that will change from call to call (such as the Menu block and User Input block).	g	
Category: A	Audit						
Setting Name	lowsettings.j	s <b>te</b> nantsettin	g <b>£)jsssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value
enableESAud (optional)	ditLogs Yes	Yes			Enable or Disable audit logs captured in Elasticsearch	false	false
enableFSAud (optional)	litLogs Yes	Yes			Enable or Disable audit logs captured in the file system under the logs directory or in standard output.	true	true
maxAppSize (optional)	Compare Tes	Yes			The maximum size of data object for	1000000	1000000

					which a difference will be captured in the audit logs, value in bytes. That is, the difference between the Designer object's old value and new			
enableReadA (optional)		Yes			value.  Control whether reading of Designer objects is captured in audit trails. If enabled any Designer object viewed in the UI will be recorded in the audit logs.	false	false	
Setting	Authorization		g <b>£)jsssig</b> nerEnv	, DesignerEnv	Description	Sample	Default	
Name disableRBAC (optional)		Yes	Janesagner Env	Section	Controls if Designer reads and enforces permissions associated with the logged in user's roles.	Value	Value	
rbacSection (optional)	Yes	Yes			In a Role object, the name of the section within the Annex	CfgGenesys <i>l</i>	Adifg Sie beetys 2	ådmæristrator!

					where the privileges are stored.		
disablePBAC (optional)	Yes	Yes			Controls if Designer allows partitioning of the Designer workspace and restricts a user's access to Designer objects in the user's partitions.	false	false
Category: 0	Collaboration	า					
Setting Name	flowsettings	j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jടങig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value
locking (optional)	Yes				The type of locking used, for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.  Valid values: file, redis, none	file	file
Category: I	DAS						
Setting Name	flowsettings	j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>ᡚjsssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value
applicationH (mandatory)	ost Yes				The server name Designer uses to generate the URL to the application. ORS and MCP fetch the application code and other resources from this URL.	das.uswl.ge	n lotcæl la <b>os</b> b

applicationP	ointes				The correspondin port to be used with applicationHo	80	80	
deployURL	Yes				This is normally not changed. It is the relative path to the workspace on DAS.	/workspace	/workspace	
Category: I	Digital							
Setting Name	flowsettings	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value	
rootsSRL (optional)	Yes	Yes			If specified, this is used to filter which Root Categories to display when selecting Standard Responses.	A REGular EXpression (REGEX).		
maxFlowEnt (optional)	rxCount		Yes	flowsettings	Specify how many times the same application can process a specific digital interaction.	20	20	
Category: I	External API	s						
Setting Name	flowsettings	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>:Dj<del>:ss</del>ig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value	
httpProxy (optional)	Yes	Yes	Yes	flowsettings	Specify the proxy used for external requests and nexus API calls (if enable_prox is true).		oxy-000-int.ge	o.genprin
redundantHt (optional)	tpProxy Yes	Yes	Yes	flowsettings	Specify the	http://vpcpro	oxy-001-int.ge	o.genprir

					backup proxy used for external requests and nexus API calls (if enable_prox is true), when httpProxy is down.	ку		
Category: I	Features							
Setting Name	flowsettings	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jടങig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value	
features	Yes	Yes			This is an object. See the 5.5 Features section for a list of supported features.		{     nexus: true,     enableBulkAud     true }	iolmport:
Category: 0	GWS							
Setting Name	flowsettings	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jടങig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value	
usehtcc	Yes				Set to true so that Designer works with GWS. If set to false, Designer defaults to a local mode and may be used temporarily if GWS is unavailable.	true	false	
htccServer	Yes				GWS Server	gws- usw1-int.gen	gws- nh <b>tsw.toint</b> .ger	htcc.cor
htccport	Yes				GWS Port	80	80	
ssoLoginUrl	Yes				URL of GWS authentication UI. Designer redirects to this URL	n https://gws- usw1.genhto	https://gws- cu <b>sovil</b> i.genhto	cc.com

					for			
					authentication	on.		
maxConcurre (optional)	entHTCCRequ Yes	est			For batch operations to GWS, the max number of concurrent requests that Designer will send to GWS.	5	5	
batchOperat (optional)	iqnResultTTL				For batch operations to GWS, the time, in milliseconds for which duration Designer stores the results of a batch operation on the server, before deleting them.	100000	100000	
Category: F	lelp							
Setting Name	flowsettings	j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>:</b> Dj <b>essig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value	
docsMicroser (optional)	rviceURL				URL for Designer documentati	on.	https://docs. Documentat PSAAS/ Public/ Administrato Designer	ion/
Category: I	VR							
Setting Name	flowsettings	j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jsssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value	
recordingTyp (optional)	<sup>Pe</sup> Yes	Yes			Specify the recording type to be used in Record block. Set as GIR. If the option is missing	GIR	GIR	

					or blank, Full Call Recording type will be used.		
Category: L	_ogging						
Setting Name	flowsettings.	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>:</b> Dj <b>:ssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value
<pre>logging: { designer: { level: debug }, audit: { level: trace}, auditdebug: { level: debug }, cli: { level: debug } } (optional)</pre>	Yes				Specify Designer log levels. Each field has valid values - trace, debug, info, warn, error, or fatal.  designer - log level of Designer.  audit - log level of audit.  auditdebug - log level of audit debug, this will log detailed audit information.  cli - log level for cli commands executed on Designer.	<pre>logging: { designer: { level: debug},  audit: { level: trace },  auditdebug: { level: debug},  cli: { level: debug } }</pre>	<pre>logging: { designer: { level: debug },  audit: { level: trace },  auditdebug: { level: debug },  cli: { level: debug } }</pre>
ategory: N	Nexus						
Setting Name	flowsettings.	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jടssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value
url (optional)			Yes	nexus	URL of Nexus that typically includes the API version path. For example, https://nexus server/ nexus/api/ v3.	<b>3-</b>	http://nex- dev.usw1.ge
password (optional)			Yes	nexus	nexus x- api-key		dc4qeiro13r

enable_proxy (optional)  Profile (optional)  Process  Setting Name  Rowsettings.jsenantsetting@jssignerEnv DesignerEnv Section  Port  Provisioning  Setting Name  PrimarySwitch (as a primarySwitch (optional))  PrimarySwitch (optional)  PrimarySwitch						created by		
enable_proxy (optional)  Profile (contact interprofile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (optional)  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (optional)  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (optional)  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (contact identification via Nexus. (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (for example, to enable Last Called Agent routing).  Profile (for example, to enable Last Called Agent rou						Nexus		
Profile (optional)  Process  Setting Name  Flowsettings   stenantsetting   DisasignerEnv   Section   Description   Sample   Container, Normally, the default value   Should be   Should be		У		Yes	nexus	value to indicate if httpProxy is used to reach		false
Setting Name flowsettings.jstenantsettingDjssignerEnv Section Description Sample Value Value  Port Yes Designer process port in the container. Normally, the default value should be left as is.  Category: Provisioning  Setting Name flowsettings.jstenantsettingDjssignerEnv Section Description Sample Value  Designer process port in the container. Normally, the default value should be left as is.  Description Sample Default Value  Specting Name Description Sample Value  Default Value  Default Value  Default Value  Uslue  Default Value  DesignerEnv Section Description Sample Value  Description Sample Value  Default Value  Uslue  Default Value  DesignerEnv Section Description Sample Value  Uslue  DesignerEnv Section Description Sample Value  Uslue  DesignerEnv Description Sample Value  Uslue  Uslue  DesignerEnv Description Sample Value  Uslue  DesignerEnv Description Sample Value  Uslue  Uslue  DesignerEnv Description Sample Value  Uslue  Uslue  DesignerEnv Description Sample Value  Uslue  DesignerEnv Description Sample Value  Uslue  DesignerEnv Description Sample Value  Uslue  Uslue  Uslue  DesignerEnv Description Sample Value  Uslue  Uslu				Yes	nexus	Contact Identification via Nexus (for example, to enable Last Called Agent	1	
Name flowsettings statistically say in the container.  Port Yes Provisioning  Setting Name flowsettings jatenantsetting Dissigner Env Section Possing Setting	Category: F	Process						
port Yes should be left as is.  Category: Provisioning Setting Name flowsettings. jstenantsettings persigner Env Section Section  Primary Switch (optional)  Yes Yes Setting Spesigner Env Section Sec		flowsettings.	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description		
Setting Name flowsettings.jstenantsettin	port	Yes				process port in the container. Normally, the default value should be	8888	3000
Name flowsettings senantsetting signer in Section Description Value Value  Specify the primary switch name if more than one switch is defined for the tenant. Designer fetches and works with route points from this switch.	Category: F	Provisioning						
the primary switch name if more than one switch is defined for the tenant. Designer fetches and works with route points from this switch.		flowsettings.	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description		
Category: Routing	primarySwito (optional)	<sup>ch</sup> Yes	Yes			the primary switch name if more than one switch is defined for the tenant. Designer fetches and works with route points from this		us-west-1
	Category: F	Routing						

Setting Name	flowsettings	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jടssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value	
ewtRefreshT (optional)	imeout		Yes	flowsettings	Specify the interval (in seconds) at which to refresh the Estimated Waiting Time when routing an interaction.	5	1	
Category: I	Redis							
Setting Name	flowsettings	.j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value	
redis: { host: "", port: "", tlsEnabled: true, lockTimeout 120, listTimeout 1800 } (optional)					Used by Designer for resource index caching and multiuser collaboration locks on Designer resources.  It is a separate object and contains:  host - Redis host name.  port - Redis port.  tlsEnabled - TLS enabled or not.  lockTimeout - Timeout, in seconds, before a resource lock is released for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.  listTimeout - The cache expiry timeout (in seconds) of the	redis: { host: "", port: "", tlsEnabled: true, lockTimeout 120, listTimeout 1800 }	<pre>tlsEnabled: true, lockTimeout</pre>	:

					application list and shared modules list. By default, it is 30 minutes. That is, any new application/modules created in the UI will be seen in the listing page after 30 mins. It can be reduced to a smaller value. This is to improve the page loading performance of the Applications and Shared Modules page. A better performance is achieved with a higher value.		
Category: S	Security						
Setting Name	flowsettings	j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value
zipFileSizeLii (optional)	mit In Mega Byt Yes	es Yes			Defines the maximum zipFile size limit (in megabytes) during bulk audio import.	50	No default.
disableCSRF (optional)	Yes	Yes			Disable CSRF attack protection. http://cwe.mitre data/ definitions/ 352.html  By default, CSRF attack protection is enabled. It can be disabled by setting this	e.org/ false	false

					flag to true.		
disableSecur (optional)	eCookie Yes				Disable the secure cookies header	false	false
Category: S	ession						
Setting Name	flowsettings.	j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jടssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description	Sample Value	Default Value
idleTimeout (optional)	Yes	Yes			Idle timeout, in seconds, before a user session is terminated while editing applications, modules, or data tables.	840	840
lockTimeout (optional)	Yes	Yes			Timeout, in seconds, before a resource lock is released, for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.	120	120
lockKeepalive (optional)	<sup>e</sup> Yes	Yes			Interval, in seconds, before the client sends a ping to the server, to refresh the lock for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.	15	15
Category: Workflow							
Setting	flowsettings.	j <b>sen</b> antsettin	g <b>£)jsssig</b> nerEnv	DesignerEnv	Description	Sample	Default

Name				Section		Value	Value
maxBuilds (optional)	Yes	Yes			Specify the maximum number of builds allowed per application.	20	20
enablePTE (optional)			Yes	flowsettings	Boolean value to indicate if PTE objects are enabled at runtime.	true	false

### 5.5 Features

The features specified here must be configured under the features object in the flowsettings.json file.

For example,

```
features: {
callbackv2: true,
...
...
}
```

# **Important**

These features are configured only in the flowsettings.json file and the tenantsettings.json file, and not in DesignerEnv.

Category	Feature Setting Name	Mandatory	flowsettings.js	otenantsettings	.j <b>Sæs</b> cription	Default Value
Audio	enableBulkAu	di <b>Olphipora</b> l	Yes	Yes	Enable/ disable the bulk audio import feature.	false
	grammarValid	at <b>Op</b> rtional	Yes	yes	If this feature is enabled, Designer will	false

					validate invalid grammar files during grammar upload and you can upload only valid grammar files (GRXML or Nuance compiled binary grammar files).	
	externalAudi	.o Sypptijoorratl	Yes	Yes	If this feature is enabled, a new audio type, External Audio, is available in the Play Message block. It accepts a single variable that contains a URL to the audio resource. MCP will fetch this resource directly and play it. The only supported value of Play As is Audio URI. There is no automatic language switching for this audio type.	false
Nexus	nexus	Optional	Yes	Yes	Enable/ disable the Nexus feature.	false
Survey	survey	Optional	Yes	Yes	Enable/ disable the	true

				survey feature.	
Milestone	enableImplicitM <b>OptilæMil</b> esto	ne <b>š</b> ⁄es	Yes	Enable reporting each Shared Module call as an internal milestone. If disabled, Shared Module calls will not generate a milestone.	false
Bots	enableDialogFDoputiCXRadt	Yes	Yes	When enabled, Dialogflow CX bot type is added to the bot registry and available for selection in the <b>Bot provider</b> drop-down when you configure a new bot.	false

# 6. Logging

Designer and DAS support console output (stdout) logging. Genesys recommends configuring console output logging to minimize the host IOPs and PVCs consumption by using log volumes. Console output logs can be extracted using log collectors like *fluentbit/fluentd* and *Elasticsearch*.

Ensure the below setttings are configured in the respective **values.yaml** overrides for console logging:

- 1. Designer
   designerEnv.envs.DES\_FILE\_LOGGING\_ENABLED = false
- 2. DAS
   dasEnv.envs.DAS\_FILE\_LOGGING\_ENABLED = false
   dasEnv.envs.DAS\_STDOUT\_LOGGING\_ENABLE = true

### 6.1 Log levels

Post deployment, Designer and DAS log levels can be modified as follows:

### 6.1.1 Designer

- 1. Configure the logging setting in the flowsettings override (**flowsettings.yaml**) Refer to section *5.4 Configuration settings reference table* for option descriptions.
- 2. Execute the steps in the *Flowsettings.json update* section (8.2.2 Designer deployment process) for the changes to take effect .

#### 6.1.2 DAS

- 1. Configure the dasEnv.envs.DAS\_LOG\_LEVEL setting in the Helm **das-values.yaml** file. Refer to section 4.2 DAS deployment settings for setting descriptions.
- 2. Execute the steps in the *Upgrade non production color* section (8.2.3 DAS deployment process). The same DAS version running in production can be used for the upgrade,
- 3. Execute the steps in the *Cutover* section (8.2.3 DAS deployment process).

# 7. Platform / Configuration Server and GWS settings

This section explains the Configuration Server objects and settings required for Designer.

### 7.1 Create Roles for Designer

Designer uses roles and access groups to determine permissions associated with the logged-in user. To enable this, you must make these changes in GAX or CME.

Designer supports a number of bundled roles suitable for various levels of users.

- **DesignerDeveloper** Most users fall into this category. These users can create Designer applications, upload audio, and create business controls. They have full access to Designer Analytics.
- **DesignerBusinessUser** These users cannot create objects but they can manage them (for example, upload audio, change data tables, and view analytics).
- **DesignerAnalytics** These users only have access to Designer Analytics.
- **DesignerAdmin** These users can set up and manage partitions associated with users and Designer objects.
- **DesignerOperations** Users with this role have full access to all aspects of the Designer workspace. This includes the **Operations** menu (normally hidden), where they can perform advanced operational and maintenance tasks.

To create these roles, import the .conf files included in the **Designer Deployment Manifest** package. They are located in the **packages/roles/** folder.

In addition, ensure the following for user accounts that need access to Designer:

• The user must have read permissions on its own Person object.

- Users must be associated with one or more roles via access groups.
- The on-Premises user must have at least read access on the user, access group(s), and roles(s).
- The access groups must have read/write permissions to the CME folders Scripts and Transactions.

### 7.2 Create the DesignerEnv transaction list

Designer requires a transaction list for configuration purposes as described in other sections of this document. To set this up:

- 1. Create a transaction list called **DesignerEnv**.
- 2. Import the file **configuration/DesignerEnv.conf**, located in the Designer Deployment Manifest package.
- 3. Edit any values according to the descriptions provided in the **Designer settings** section.
- 4. Save the list.
- 5. Ensure Designer users have at least read access to the **DesignerEnv** transaction list.

## 7.3 Platform Settings

The platform settings listed below must be configured if the Designer application is used for voice calls.

Component	Config Key	Value	Description
SIP Switch -> Voip Services -> msml service	userdata-map-format	sip-headers-encoded	Option needs to set to pass JSON data as user data in SIPS.
SIP Switch -> Voip Services -> msml service	userdata-map-filter	*	To allow userdata passing to MSML service
	divert-on-ringing	false	RONA is handled by the platform.
	agent-no-answer- timeout	12	
	agent-no-answer-action	notready	
SIPServer> TServer	agent-no- answeroverflow	ш	no value, empty.
	after-routing-timeout	24	
	sip-treatments- continuous	true	
	msml-record-support	true	To allow routed calls recording via the Media Server
Switch object annex> gts	ring-divert	1	
URS	'http' port, protocol = 'http'		Required only for Route Agent block to work.

ORS> orchestration	new-session-on-reroute	false	Required for SIPS Default Routing (Default Routing handling (Voice))
MCP	[vxmli] transfer.allowed	TRUE	Required for Transfer block (allows VXML Transfer in MCP)
MCP	[cpa] outbound.method	NATIVE	Required for Transfer block (allow CPA detection for Transfer )
UCS	[cview] enabled	TRUE	Enables Customer Context Services

## 7.4 GWS Configuration

#### 7.4.1 Create Contact Center

Create a contact center in GWS if it is not already created. Refer to the GWS documentation for more information on this.

### 7.4.2 Create GWS Client

Create new GWS client credentials if they are not already created . Refer to the GWS documentation for more information on this.

# 8. Deployment

This section describes the deployment process for Designer and DAS.

## 8.1 Preparation

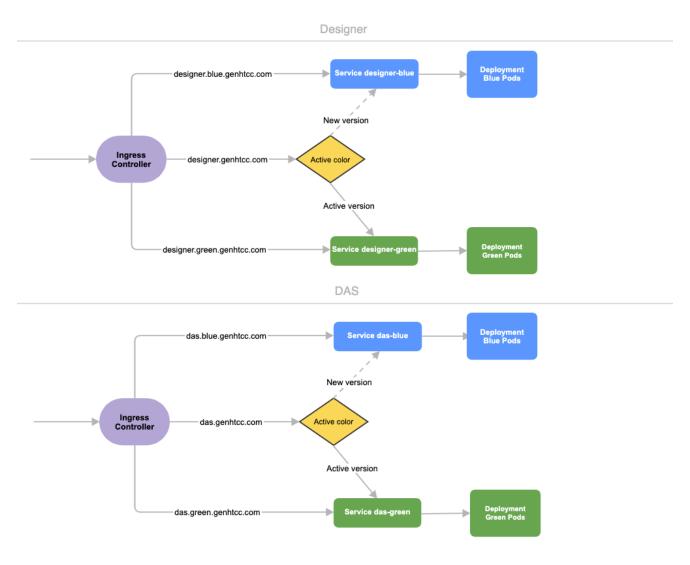
Before you deploy Designer and DAS using Helm charts, complete the following preparation steps:

- 1. Ensure the Helm client is installed.
- 2. Set up an Ingress controller, if not already done.
- 3. Setup an NFS server, if not already done.
- 4. Create Persistent Volumes a sample YAML file is provided in the Designer manifest package.
- 5. Download the Designer and DAS docker images and push to the local docker registry.
- 6. Download the Designer manifest package and extract to the current working directory.
- 7. Configure Designer and DAS value overrides (designer-values.yaml and das-values.yaml) please ensure the mandatory settings are configured. If the blue-green deployment process is used, Ingress settings are explained in the following section.

## 8.2 Blue-Green deployment

Blue-Green deployment is a release management technique that reduces risk and minimizes downtime. It uses two production environments, known as Blue and Green or active and inactive, to provide reliable testing, continuous no-outage upgrades, and instant rollbacks. When a new release needs to be rolled out, an identical deployment of the application will be created using a Helm package and after the testing is completed, the traffic is moved to the newly created deployment, which becomes the ACTIVE environment, and the old environment becomes INACTIVE. This way, a fast rollback is possible by just changing route if a new issue is found with live traffic. The old inactive deployment can be removed once the new active deployment becomes stable.

The service cutover is done by updating the Ingress rules. The below diagram shows the high level approach on how the traffic can be routed to Blue and Green deployments with Ingress rules.



### 8.2.1 Preparation for Blue-Green deployment

Before you deploy Designer and DAS using the Blue-Green deployment strategy, complete the following preparation steps:

- 1. Configure the Ingress host names for Designer. Create 3 host names as shown below. The Blue service host name must contain the string blue, for example, designer.blue.genhtcc.com or designer-blue.genhtcc.com. The Green service host name must contain the string green, for example, designer.green.genhtcc.com or designer-green.genhtcc.com. The Blue/Green services can be accessed separately with the Blue/Green host names as shown in this example: designer.genhtcc.com (production host URL used for external access). designer.blue.genhtcc.com (URL for Blue service testing). designer.green.genhtcc.com (URL for Green service testing).
- 2. Configure the host names in the **designer-values.yaml** file under ingress. Annotations and paths can be modified based on the requirement.

```
For example,
ingress:
enabled: true
annotations: {}
paths: [/]
hosts:
- designer.genhtcc.com
- designer.blue.genhtcc.com
- designer.green.genhtcc.com
```

- 3. Configure the Ingress host names for DAS. Create 3 host names as shown below. The Blue service host name must contain the string blue, for example, das.blue.genhtcc.com or das-blue.genhtcc.com. The Green service host name must contain the string green, for example, das.green.genhtcc.com or das-green.genhtcc.com. he Blue/Green services can be accessed separately with the Blue/Green host names as shown in this example: das.genhtcc.com (the production host URL used for external access). das.blue.genhtcc.com (URL for Blue service testing). das.green.genhtcc.com (URL for Blue service testing).
- 4. Configure the host names in the **das-values.yaml** file under ingress. Annotations and paths can be modified based on the requirement.

```
For example,
ingress:
enabled: true
annotations: {}
paths: [/]
hosts:
- das.genhtcc.com
- das.blue.genhtcc.com
- das.green.genhtcc.com
```

### 8.2.2 Designer deployment process

### Initial deployment

The resources's ingress and persistent volume claims (PVC) must be created initially before deploying the Designer service as these resources are shared between the Blue/Green services and must be created at the very beginning of the deployment. They will not be needed for subsequent upgrades. The required values are passed using the SET command as shown below or by modifying the **values.vaml** file.

1. Create Persistent Volume Claims required for the Designer service (assuming the volume service name is designer-volume):

```
helm upgrade --install designer-volume -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=volume
```

Note: The overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade command:

deployment.strategy=volume - indicates that this helm install will create persistent volume claim.

Create ingress rules for the Designer service (assuming the ingress service name is designeringress):

```
helm upgrade --install designer-ingress -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --
set deployment.strategy=ingress --set-string deployment.color=green
Note: The overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade command:
deployment.strategy=ingress - indicates that this helm install will create ingress rules for the
Designer service.
deployment.color=green - indicates that the current production instance (active) color is Green.
```

3. Deploy the Designer service to the color selected in step 2. In this case, Green is selected and assuming the service name is designer-green:

```
helm upgrade --install designer-green -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --
set deployment.strategy=service --set desImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set-string
deployment.color=green
Note: The overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade command:
deployment.strategy=service - indicates that the Designer service will be installed.
desImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - indicates the Designer version to be installed, for example,
9.0.116.07.10.
```

deployment.color=green - indicates that the Green color service will be installed.

### Upgrade non-production color

1. Identify the current production color by checking the Designer ingress rules (kubectl describe ingress designer-ingress). Green is the production color in the below example as the production host name points to the Green service.

```
Host Path Backends
---- designer.genhtcc.com / designer-green:http (10.244.0.23:8888)
designer.genhtcc.com / designer-green:http (10.244.0.23:8888)
designer.blue.genhtcc.com / designer-blue:http (10.244.0.45:8888)
```

2. Deploy the Designer service into the non-production color. In the above example, Blue is the non-production color (assuming the service name is designer-blue):

```
helm upgrade --install designer-blue -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=service --set desImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set-string deployment.color=blue
```

Note: The overrides passed as an argument in the above helm upgrade:

deployment.strategy=service - indicates that the Designer service will be installed.

desImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - indicates the Designer version to be installed, for example, 9.0.116.08.12.

deployment.color=blue - indicates that the Blue color service will be installed.

3. The non-production color can be accessed with the non-production host name (for example - designer.blue.genhtcc.com), any testing can be done using this URL.

#### Cutover

Once testing is completed on the non-production color, traffic can be moved to the new version by updating the ingress rules.

- 1. Update the Designer Ingress with the new deployment color by running the below command (in this case, Blue is the new deployment color, that is, the non-production color): helm upgrade --install designer-ingress -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=ingress --set-string deployment.color=blue Note: The overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade command: deployment.strategy=ingress indicates that this helm install will create ingress rules for the Designer service. deployment.color=blue indicates that the current production (active) color is Blue.
- 2. Verify the ingress rules by executing the command kubectl describe ingress designer-ingress. The production host name should point to the new color service.

### Workspace upgrade

Workspace resources must be upgraded after cutover. This will upgrade the system resources in the Designer workspace.

- 1. Log in to one of the Designer pods with the command: kubectl exec -it bash.
- Execute the migration command (this will create new directories/new files introduced in the new version): node ./bin/cli.js workspace-upgrade -m -t
- 3. Execute the workspace resource upgrade command (this will upgrade system resources, such as system service PHP files, internal audio files, and callback resources):
  node ./bin/cli.js workspace-upgrade -t
  contact\_center\_id is the contact center ID created in GWS for this tenant. The workspace resources are located within the contact center ID folder (/workspaces//workspace).

## **Important**

The above steps - upgrade non production color, cutover, and workspace upgrade will also be used for further upgrades.

### Flowsettings.json update

Post deployment, the **flowsettings.json** file can be modified via helm install using the below steps:

- 1. Download the current **flowsettings.json** file from the location: /designer/flowsettings.json.
- 2. Modify the necessary settings (refer to section 5.4 Configuration settings reference table).
- 3. Create a new YAML file, for example, **flowsettings.yaml**.
- 4. Copy and paste the above modified **flowsettings.json** content in the new **flowsettings.yaml** file: flowsettings: For example: flowsettings: {

port:8888,

```
usehtcc:true,
htccserver:gws-int-genhtcc.com,
htccport:80,
....
}
```

5. Run the below helm upgrade command on the non-production color service. It can be done as part of Designer upgrade by passing the **flowsettings.yaml** in the extra argument --values. In this case, the new Designer version can be used for the upgrade. If it is only a **flowsettings.json** update, the same Designer version will be used.

```
helm upgrade --install designer-blue -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=service --set desImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set-string deployment.color=blue --values flowsettings.yaml
The non-active color Designer will have updated settings after the above upgrade.
```

6. Once testing is completed on the non-production service, perform the cutover steps as mentioned in the Cutover section. Now, the production service will contain the changed settings.

### Rollback

 If any blocking issues are noticed in the current production service, traffic can be rolled back to the previous active color by updating the ingress rules:

helm upgrade --install designer-ingress -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=ingress --set-string deployment.color=green
Rollback of workspace resources is generally not required as the workspace resources shipped with
Designer are backward and forward compatible. If required, the workspace can be upgrade from the old
version, but it is not necessary. Future new version upgrades must run the workspace upgrade as per
the normal process.

Rollback of applications and shared modules is also not required as these resources are also backward and forward compatible with Designer.

### 8.2.3 DAS deployment process

### Initial deployment

The ingress must be created initially before deploying the DAS service as it is shared between the Blue/Green services and must be created at the very beginning of the deployment. It will not be needed for subsequent upgrades. The required values are passed using the SET command as shown below or by modifying the **values.yaml** file.

- Create ingress rules for the Designer service (assuming the ingress service name is das-ingress):
   helm upgrade --install das-ingress -f das-values.yaml das-9.0.xx.tgz --set
   deployment.strategy=ingress --set-string deployment.color=green
   Note: The overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade command:
   deployment.strategy=ingress indicates that this helm install will create ingress rules for the DAS
   service.
   deployment.color=green indicates that the current production instance (active) color is Green.
- 2. Deploy the DAS service to the color selected in step 1. In this case, Green is selected and assuming the service name is das-green:

```
helm upgrade --install das-green -f das-values.yaml das-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=service --set dasImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set-string deployment.color=green
```

Note: The overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade command: deployment.strategy=service - indicates that the DAS service will be installed.

dasImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - indicates the DAS version to be installed, for example, 9.0.111.04.4. deployment.color=green - indicates that the Green color service will be installed.

### Upgrade non-production color

1. Identify the current production color by checking the DAS ingress rules (kubectl describe ingress das-ingress). Green is the production color in the below example as the production host name points to the Green service.

```
Host Path Backends
---- das.genhtcc.com / das-green:http (10.244.0.5:8081)
das.green.genhtcc.com / das-green:http (10.244.0.5:8081)
das.blue.genhtcc.com / das-blue:http (10.244.0.37:8081)
```

2. Deploy the DAS service into the non-production color. In the above example, Blue is the non-production color (assuming the service name is das-blue):

```
helm upgrade --install das-blue -f das-values.yaml das-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=service --set dasImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx --set-string deployment.color=blue

Note: The overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade command:

deployment strategy=service indicates that the DAS service will be installed.
```

deployment.strategy=service - indicates that the DAS service will be installed.
dasImage.tag=9.0.1xx.xx.xx - indicates the DAS version to be installed, for example, 9.0.111.05.5.
deployment.color=blue - indicates that the Blue color service will be installed.

3. The non-production color can be accessed with the non-production host name (for example - das.blue.genhtcc.com), any testing can be done using this URL.

### Cutover

Once testing is completed on the non-production color, traffic can be moved to the new version by updating the ingress rules.

1. Update the DAS Ingress with the new deployment color by running the below command (in this case, Blue is the new deployment color, that is, the non-production color):

```
helm upgrade --install das-ingress -f das-values.yaml das-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=ingress --set-string deployment.color=blue
```

Note: The overrides passed as an argument to the above helm upgrade command:

deployment.strategy=ingress - indicates that this helm install will create ingress rules for the DAS service.

deployment.color=blue - indicates that the current production (active) color is Blue.

2. Verify the ingress rules by running the command kubectl describe ingress das-ingress. The production host name should point to the new color service.

# **Important**

The above steps - upgrade non production color and cutover will also be used for further upgrades.

### Rollback

If any blocking issues are noticed in the current production service, traffic can be rolled back to the previous active color by updating the ingress rules:

helm upgrade --install das-ingress -f das-values.yaml das-9.0.xx.tgz --set deployment.strategy=ingress --set-string deployment.color=green

## 8.3 Rolling upgrade

A rolling upgrade is not recommended. Use the Blue/Green upgrade procedure.

### 8.4 Uninstall

To uninstall a service/volume/ingress rules:

helm uninstall

# 9. Enabling optional features

## 9.1 Enable Designer Analytics and Audit Trail

Post Designer deployment, features such as Analytics and Audit Trail can be enabled by performing the below steps.

# **Important**

Ensure Elasticsearch is deployed before proceeding.

### 9.1.1 Designer changes

- 1. Configure the following settings in flowsettings override (**flowsettings.yaml**) Refer to section *5.4 Configuration settings reference table* for option descriptions.
  - enableAnalytics: true
  - · enableESAuditLogs: true
  - esServer
  - esPort

- esUrl
- 2. Configure the below setting in the DesignerEnv transaction list: ReportingURL in the **reporting** section.
- 3. Perform the steps in the *Flowsettings.json update* section (8.2.1 Designer deployment process).

### 9.1.2 DAS changes

1. Configure the following settings in the helm **das-values.yaml** file. Refer to the *4.2 DAS deployment settings* section for setting descriptions.

```
dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVICES_ELASTICSEARCH_ENABLED = true dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVICES_ELASTICSEARCH_HOST dasEnv.envs.DAS_SERVICES_ELASTICSEARCH_PORT
```

- 2. Perform the steps in the *Upgrade non production color* section (8.2.2 DAS deployment process). The same DAS version running in production can be used for the upgrade.
- 3. Perform the steps in the *Cutover* section (8.2.2 DAS deployment process).

# 10. Cleanup

### 10.1 Elasticsearch maintenance recommendations

To help you better manage your indexes and snapshots, and to prevent too many indexes from creating an overflow of shards, Genesys recommends that you set up a scheduled execution of Elasticsearch Curator with the following two actions:

- Delete indexes older than the given threshold according to the index name and mask.
  - sdr-\* (3 months)
  - audit-\* (12 months)
- · Make a snapshot of each index:
  - sdr-\* (yesterday and older)
  - audit-\*
  - kibana-int-\*

## 11. Limitations

Designer currently supports multi-tenancy provided by the tenant Configuration Server. That is, each tenant should have a dedicated Configuration Server, and Designer can be shared across the multiple tenants.

# Deploy Designer (versions prior to v9010005)

## Contents

- 1 1. Prerequisites
  - 1.1 1.1 Kubernetes cluster prerequisites
  - 1.2 1.2 Genesys components dependencies
  - 1.3 1.3 External prerequisites
- 2 2. Deployment Process Overview
- 3 3. Configuration Server objects
  - 3.1 3.1 Create roles for Designer
  - 3.2 3.2 Set up a transaction list
- 4 4. Deploying Designer
  - 4.1 4.1 Install Designer and DAS
  - 4.2 4.1 Running Designer as a Non-Root User
  - 4.3 4.2 Running DAS as a Non-Root User
- 5 5. Parameters
- 6 6. Additional configuration settings
- 7 7. Features
- 8 8. Upgrades
  - 8.1 Option 1- Using the default settings (recommended)
  - 8.2 Option 2 Using the SET command for Helm
- 9 9. Uninstall

Learn how to deploy Designer as a service in a Kubernetes cluster (for **DesDepMnfst** versions prior to **v9010005**).

## **Important**

For deployment instructions for **DesDepMnfst v9010005** and above, click here.

# 1. Prerequisites

Before deploying Designer, make sure the following resources are deployed, configured, and accessible:

## 1.1 Kubernetes cluster prerequisites

- Kubernetes 1.12+
- Helm 3.0
- Persistent volumes for workspace storage (minimum 2GB) and logs (minimum 5GB) configured in the cluster.
  - Each Designer and DAS pod will make persistent volume claims for storage and logs.
  - The volumes must be on shared storage (such as NFS) to enable changes made on one pod to become available on all other pods.
  - If a NFS server is used for shared storage, it should be deployed as highly available (HA) in order to avoid single points of failure.

# **Important**

Genesys recommends using the ObjectiveFS (OFS) file system or any variant of the Network File System (NFS).

# **Important**

The Designer manifest package includes sample YAML files to create an NFS server and persistent volumes.

## 1.2 Genesys components dependencies

- GWS 9.x
  - Configured to work with a compatible version of Configuration Server.
  - Contact Center provisioned in GWS (contact center ID available from GWS).
- ORS 8.1.400.x
- Nexus 9.x
- URS 8.1.400.x
- StatServer 8.5.11x.yz

### 1.3 External prerequisites

ElasticSearch 7.4.2 and 6.2.x for Designer Analytics and audit trails (optional and can be enabled later).

# 2. Deployment Process Overview

The Designer deployment process consists of the following steps:

- 1. Create roles for Designer.
- 2. Set up a transaction list.
- 3. Install Designer.
- 4. Install DAS.
- 5. Change the default values of the configurable parameters for Designer and DAS, if required.
- 6. Change the default values of additional configuration settings, if required.
- 7. Enable additional features.

Each of the above steps is explained in detail in the following sections.

# 3. Configuration Server objects

Designer uses roles and access groups to determine permissions associated with the logged-in user. To enable this, you must make these changes in GAX or CME.

## 3.1 Create roles for Designer

Designer support a number of bundled roles suitable for various levels of users.

- **DesignerDeveloper**Most users fall into this category. These users can create Designer applications, upload audio, and create business controls. They have full access to Designer Analytics.
- **DesignerBusinessUser**These users cannot create objects but they can manage them (for example, upload audio, change data tables, and view analytics).
- **DesignerAnalytics**These users only have access to Designer Analytics.
- DesignerAdminThese users can set up and manage partitions associated with users and Designer objects.
- **DesignerOperations**Users with this role have full access to all aspects of the Designer workspace. This includes the **Operations** menu (normally hidden), where they can perform advanced operational and maintenance tasks.

To create these roles, import the .conf files included in the Designer Deployment Manifest package. They are located in the packages/roles/ folder.

In addition, ensure the following for user accounts that need access to Designer:

- The user must have read permissions on its own Person object.
- Users must be associated with one or more roles via access groups.
- The on-Premises user must have at least read access on the user, access group(s), and roles(s).

## 3.2 Set up a transaction list

Designer requires a transaction list for configuration purposes as described in other sections of this document. To set this up:

- 1. Create a transaction list called **DesignerEnv**.
- 2. Import the file **configuration/DesignerEnv.conf**, located in the Designer Deployment Manifest package.
- 3. Edit any values according to the descriptions provided in the **Additional configuration settings** section.
- 4. Save the list.
- 5. Ensure Designer users have at least read access to the DesignerEnv transaction list.

## **Important**

The DesignerEnv transaction list is created under the *Transaction* root folder if the *Internal* folder does not exist.

# 4. Deploying Designer

This section describes how to deploy Designer on your Kubernetes cluster.

Ensure the following:

- Designer helm package is downloaded.
- Designer and DAS images are accessible from the cluster.

## 4.1 Install Designer and DAS

Install Designer using the following command (replace designer-service if you are using a different name for your Designer service):

helm install designer-service designer-9.0.11.xx.xx.tgz

Or

helm install designer-service -f designer-values.yaml designer-9.0.11.xx.xx.tgz.tgz

Next, install DAS using the following command (replace das-service if you are using a different name for your DAS service):

helm install das-service das-9.0.11.xx.xx.tgz

Or

helm install das-service -f das-values.yaml das-9.0.11.xx.xx.tgz

These commands deploy Designer on the Kubernetes cluster using the default configuration.

The Parameters section lists the parameters for both Designer and Designer Application Server (DAS) that can be configured during installation. It is recommended to add changed settings into a separate file (for example, **designer-values.yaml)** and specify that file while installing the chart.

## 4.1 Running Designer as a Non-Root User

You can run Desinger as a non-root user. Currently, only a **Genesys** user is supported by the Designer base image.

• By default Designer is run as a root user. To run it as a **Genesys** user, you must add the security context in the helm chart and configure the following in the **values.yaml** file:

runAsUser: 500
runAsGroup: 500

500 is the ID of the Genesys user and cannot be modified.

• The file system must reside within the Genesys user in order to run Designer as a Genesys user. Change the NFS server host path to the Genesys user:

### chown -R genesys:genesys

 After installation, log in to the container and run ps -ef to verify if all processes are running as a Genesys user.

### 4.2 Running DAS as a Non-Root User

You can run DAS as a non-root user. Currently, only a **Genesys** user is supported by the Designer base image.

• To run DAS as a **Genesys** user, you must add the security context in the helm chart and configure the following in the **values.yaml** file:

runAsUser: 500
runAsGroup: 500

500 is the ID of the Genesys user and cannot be modified.

 After installation, log in to the container and run ps -ef to verify if all processes are running as a Genesys user.

## 5. Parameters

This section lists the configurable parameters of the Designer and Designer Application Server (DAS) chart and their default values.

### Designer

Parameter	Description	Default
deployment.replicaCount	No. of services to be created	2
deployment.strategy	Rolling update / re-create	RollingUpdate
desImage.repository	Docker repository for Designer	pureengage-docker- staging.jfrog.io/designer/designer
desImage.tag	Designer Image version	9.0.109.08.20
volumes.workapceMountPath	Designer workspace path inside the container	/designer/workspace
volumes.workspaceClaim	Persistent volume claim name for the workspace	designer-managed-disk
volumes.logMountPath	Designer log path inside the container	/designer/logs
volumes.logClaim	Persistent volume claim name for logs	designer-logs
healthApi.path	Health check request to be sent	/health
healthApi.containerPort	Container running port	8888

healthApi.startupDelay	Health will be started after a given delay	20
healthApi.checkInterval	The interval between each health check requests	5
healthApi.failureCount	No of health check failure to mark the container as instable or restart	5
designerEnv.enabled	Enables the ConfigMap based env input	true
designerEnv.configName	Name of the ConfigMap	designer-config
designerEnv.envs.DES_PORT	Designer port for container	8888
designerEnv.envs.DES_APPSERVE	R_DH055Thostname	das
designerEnv.envs.DES_APPSERVE	R_ <b>DPAOR</b> Tport	80
designerEnv.envs.DES_USE_HTCC	To enable GWS based auth	true
designerEnv.envs.DES_HTCC_SER	VERWS server URL	gws-service-proxy
designerEnv.envs.DES_HTCC_POR	TGWS server port	80
	GWS Client ID	
designerEnv.DES_GWS_CLIENT_ID	Create a new client ID if the default does not work. Follow the steps in the link below, to create new GWS client credentials: Creating Client for Provisioning Service	external_api_client
designerEnv.DES_GWS_CLIENT_SE	CREWS Client secret	***
service.type	Service port either CluserIP/ NodePort/LoadBalancer	NodePort
service.port	Designer service to be exposed	8888
service.targetPort	Designer application port running inside the container	http
service.nodePort	Port to be exposed in case service.type=NodePort	30180
ingress.enabled	Enable/Disable ingress	true
ingress.paths	Ingress path	1
ingress.hosts	Hostname	ssdev1.genhtcc.com
ingress.tls	TLS based security enabling	nil
resources.limits.cpu	Maximum amount of CPU K8s allocates for container	600m
resources.limits.memory	Maximum amount of Memory K8s allocates for container	1Gi
resources.requests.cpu	Guaranteed CPU allocation for container	400m
resources.requests.memory	Guaranteed Memory allocation for container	512Mi
nodeSelector	To allow Pods to be scheduled on the nodes based labels assigned	Default value:

# nodeSelector: {} to nodes. sample value: nodeSelector: :

## Designer Application Server (DAS)

Parameter	Description	Default	
deployment.replicaCoun	t <sup>No</sup> of service to be created	2	
dasImage.repository	Docker repository for DAS	pureengage-docker- staging.jfrog.io/ designer/das	
dasImage.tag	DAS Image version	9.0.106.03.7	
dasVolumes.workapceMou		/das/www/workspaces	
dasVolumes.workspaceCl	Persistent volume claim aim name for the workspace	designer-managed-disk	
dasVolumes.logMountPat	hDAS log path inside the container	/das/log	
dasVolumes.logClaim	Persistent volume claim name for logs	designer-logs	
dasHealthApi.path	Health check request to be sent	/health	
dasHealthApi.container	Poontainer running port	80	
dasHealthApi.startupDe	lagalth will be started after a given delay	20	
dasHealthApi.checkInte	The interval between rewadh health check requests	5	
dasHealthApi.failureCo	No of health check failure to mark the unt container as instable or restart	5	
dasService.type	Service port either CluserIP/NodePort/ LoadBalancer	NodePort	
dasService.port	DAS service to be exposed	80	
dasresources.limits.cp	Maximum amount of uCPU K8s allocates for container	600m	
dasresources.limits.me	for container	1Gi	
dasresources.requests.	Guaranteed CPU chlocation for container	400m	
dasresources.requests.	m@waraynteed Memory	512Mi	

	allocation for container		
nodeSelector	To allow Pods to be scheduled on the nodes based labels assigned to nodes.	Default value: nodeSelector: {} Sample value: nodeSelector: :	

# 6. Additional configuration settings

Post deployment, Designer configuration is managed in two locations:

- /designer/flowsettings.json
- Configuration Server in the Tenant/Transactions/Internal/DesignerEnv transaction list

Category	Setting Name	flowsettings.js	on <b>D</b> esignerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description
Analytics	enableAnalytics	Yes			Flag to enable analytics.
Analytics	esUrl	Yes			Elasticsearch URL (for example, http://es- service:9200).
Analytics	esServer	Yes			Elasticsearch Server HostName (for example, es- service).
Analytics	esPort	Yes			Elasticsearch port (for example, 9200).
Analytics	ReportingURL		Yes	reporting	URL of Elasticsearch where Designer applications will report data (for example, http://es- service:9200).
Analytics	esMaxQueryDura	ation			The maximum time range (in days) to query in Designer Analytics. Data for each day is stored in a

Category	Setting Name	flowsettings.js	on Designer Env	DesignerEnv Section	Description
					separate index in Elasticsearch.
Analytics	sdrMaxObjCount				The maximum count of nested type objects to be captured in SDRs.
Analytics	SdrTraceLevel				This caps the level of detail captured in analytics.
Audio	useUserRecorded	dSystemAudio			
Audit	enableESAuditLo	g <b>¥</b> es			Enable or Disable Audit logs captured in Elasticsearch.
Audit	enableFSAuditLo	g¥es			Enable or Disable Audit logs captured in the file system.
Audit	maxAppSizeCom	pare			The maximum size of a data object for which a differential will be captured in audit logs.
Audit	enableReadAudit	:L <b>ờgs</b>			Control whether reading of objects is captured in audit trails.
Authorization	disableRBAC	Yes			Controls if Designer reads and enforces permissions associated with the logged in user's roles.
Authorization	disablePBAC	Yes			Controls if Designer allows partitioning of Designer workspace and restricts a

Category	Setting Name	flowsettings.jso	nDesignerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description
					user's access to Designer objects to the user's partitions.
Collboration	locking	Yes			The type of locking used, for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.
DAS	applicationHost	Yes			The server name Designer uses to generate the URL to the application. ORS and MCP fetch application code and other resources from this URL.
DAS	applicationPort	Yes			The corresponding port to be used with applicationHost.
DAS	deployURL	Yes			This is normally not changed. It is the relative path to the workspace on DAS.
Deployment	ssoLoginUrl	Yes			URL of GWS authentication UI. Designer redirects to this URL for authentication.
Digital	rootsSRL	Yes			If specified, this is used to filter which Root Categories to display when selecting Standard Responses.

Category	Setting Name	flowsettings.js	onDesignerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description
Digital	maxFlowEntryCo	unt	Yes	flowsettings	Specifies how many times the same application can process a specific digital interaction.
External APIs	httpProxy	Yes	Yes	flowsettings	Specifies the proxy used for external request and nexus API calls (if enable_proxy is true).
External APIs	redundantHttpPr	oXY∉s	Yes	flowsettings	Specifies the backup proxy used for external request and Nexus API calls (if enable_proxy is true), when httpProxy is down.
Features	features				This is an object. See the Features section for a list of supported features.
GWS	usehtcc	Yes			Set to true so Designer works with GWS. If set to false, Designer defaults to a local mode and may be used temporarily if GWS is unavailable.
GWS	htccServer	Yes			GWS Server
GWS	htccport	Yes			GWS Port
GWS	maxConcurrentH	Tੴ€SRequest			For batch operations to GWS, the maximum number of

Category	Setting Name	flowsettings.js	on Designer Env	DesignerEnv Section	Description
					concurrent requests that Designer will send to GWS.
GWS	batchOperationR	e <b>ye</b> ltTTL			For batch operations to GWS, the time (in milliseconds) that Designer stores results of a batch operation on the server, before deleting it.
Help	docsMicroservice	e U <b>Re</b> ls			URL for Designer Documentation
IVR	recordingType				Specifies the recording type to be used in the Record block. Set as GIR. If the option is missing or blank, Full Call Recording type is used.
Nexus	url		Yes	nexus	URL of Nexus that typically includes the API version path (e.g. https://nexus-server/nexus/api/v3).
Nexus	password		Yes	nexus	Nexus x-api- key created by Nexus deployment.
Nexus	enable_proxy		Yes	nexus	Boolean value on whether httpProxy is used to reach Nexus.
Nexus	profile		Yes	nexus	Enable Contact Identification via Nexus (e.g. to enable Last

Category	Setting Name	flowsettings.js	on Designer Env	DesignerEnv Section	Description
					Called Agent routing).
Process	port	Yes			Designer process port in the container. Typically, you should keep the default value.
Provisioning	primarySwitch				Specify the primary switch name if more than one switch is defined for the tenant. Designer fetches and works with route points from this switch.
Routing	ewtRefreshTimed	out	Yes	flowsettings	Specifies the interval (in seconds) to refresh the Estimated Waiting Time when routing an interaction.
Security	zipFileSizeLimitIr	nMegaBytes			Defines the maximum zipFile size limit (in megabytes) during bulk audio import.
Security	tempUploadDir				The path where the zipFile is stored during bulk audio import process.
Security	disableCSRF	Yes			
Security	disableSecureCo	o Rries			Disable the secure cookies header.
Session	idleTimeout	Yes			Idle timeout (in seconds) before a user session is terminated

Category	Setting Name	flowsettings.js	on <b>D</b> esignerEnv	DesignerEnv Section	Description
					while editing applications, modules, or data tables.
Session	lockTimeout	Yes			Timeout (in seconds) before a resource lock is released, for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.
Session	lockKeepalive	Yes			Interval (in seconds) before the client sends a ping to the server, to refresh the lock for an editing session of applications, modules, or data tables.
Tenancy	multitenancy	Yes			Should be set to true.
Tenancy	localmode	Yes			Should be set to false.
Workflow	maxBuilds	Yes			Specifies the maximum number of builds permitted per application.
Workflow	enablePTE		Yes	flowsettings	Boolean value on whether PTE objects are enabled at runtime.

# 7. Features

The features specified here must be configured under the features object in the flowsettings.json file.

For example,

```
"features": {
"callbackv2": true,
...
..
}
```

## **Important**

These features are configured only in the flowsettings.json file and not in DesignerEnv.

Category	Feature Setting Name	Description	Default Value
Audio	enableBulkAudioImport	Enable or disable the bulk audio import feature.	false
Audio	grammarValidation	If enabled, Designer will validate invalid grammar files during grammar upload. If it is enabled, only valid grammar files (.grxml or Nuance compiled binary grammar) can be uploaded.	false
Nexus	nexus	Enable or disable Nexus.	false

The Personas feature is enabled during a new tenant creation in Azure. The following are performed during workspace initialization:

- The Personas feature flag is enabled in tenantsettings.json.
- The GTTS only *personas.json* file is copied to workspace/tenant ccid/workspace/personas/personas.json.
- The defaultPersona setting is configured in the DesignerEnv transaction list (flowsettings->defaultPersona = Gabriela).

# 8. Upgrades

To upgrade the service when a new Designer/DAS Helm chart is released:

helm upgrade

To upgrade when a new Designer/DAS image version is released:

Option 1- Using the default settings (recommended)

- 1. Modify the image tag parameter in the **designer-values.yaml** file. For example, if you are upgrading the Designer version, modify tag under the desImage section. For upgrading DAS, modify the tag under dasImage section.
- 2. helm upgrade -f designer-values.yaml

Option 2 - Using the SET command for Helm

For Designer,

helm upgrade designer-service designer-9.0.11.xx.xx.tgz --set desImage.tag= For DAS,

helm upgrade das-service das-9.0.11.xx.xx.tgz --set dasImage.tag=

## 9. Uninstall

To uninstall a service:

helm uninstall